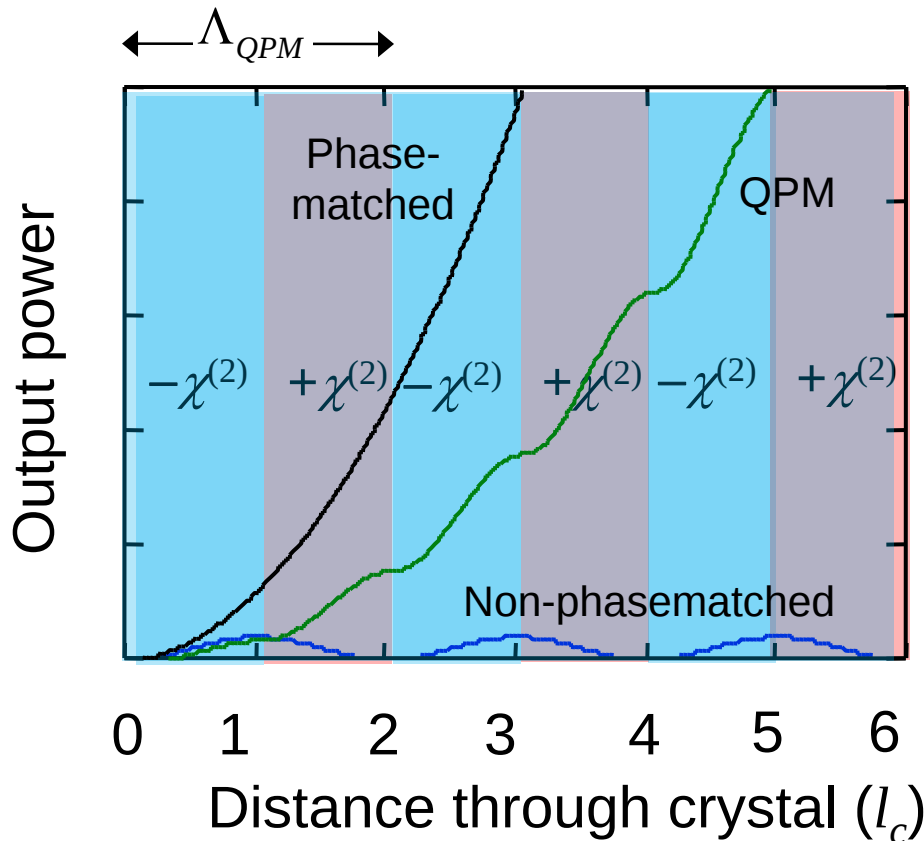
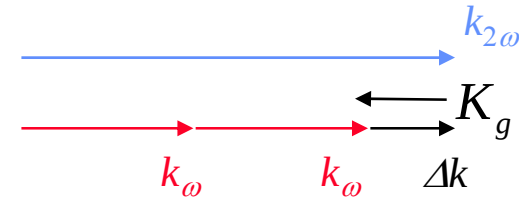


35 Years of Quasi-Phasematched Nonlinear Optics

M. M. Fejer
E. L. Ginzton Laboratory
Stanford University
fejer@stanford.edu

Quasi-phasematching (QPM)

$$E_\omega \xrightarrow{0} \boxed{P_{2\omega} \sim \chi^{(2)} E_\omega^2} \xrightarrow{L} E_{2\omega}$$



- Dispersion ($\Delta k \neq 0$) prevents monotonic growth of $E_{2\omega}$
- QPM cancels this effect:

$$\chi^{(2)}(z) = \chi_{\text{eff}}^{(2)} e^{iK_g z}$$
- QPM-period ($K_g = 2\pi / \Lambda_{\text{QPM}}$) determines which wavelengths can interact.

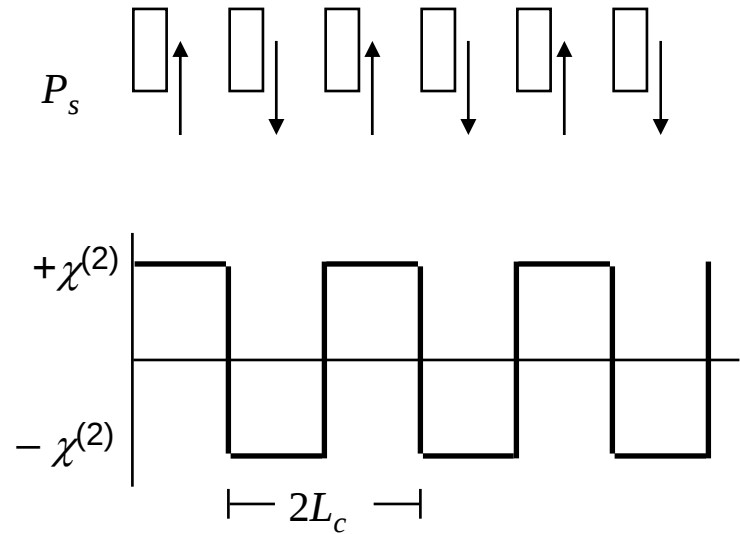
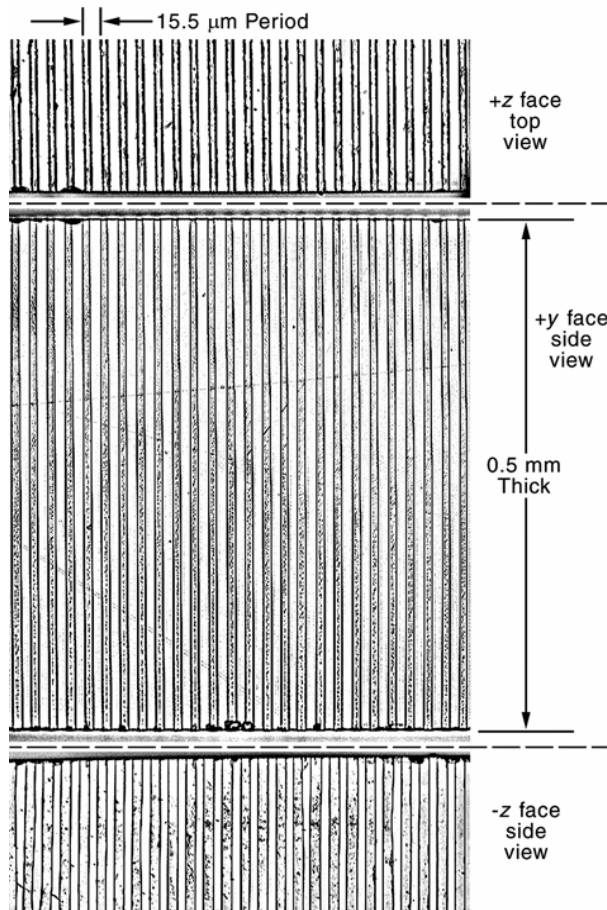
$$\Lambda_{\text{QPM}} = \frac{\lambda}{2(n_{2\omega} - n_\omega)}$$

typically 2 – 20 μm

Microstructured Materials Essential for QPM

Ferroelectrics

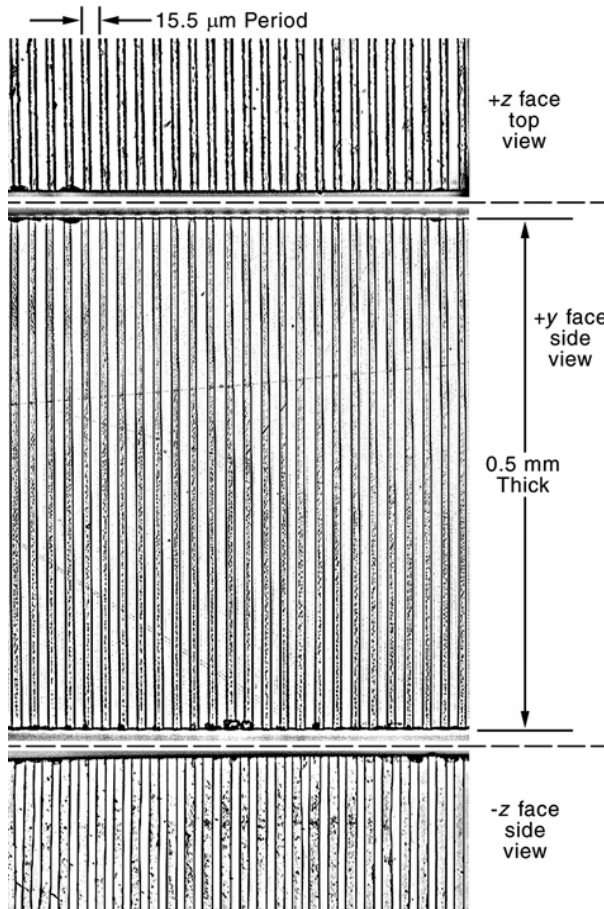
Large Aspect Ratio Structures
Volume patterning by surface lithography



Microstructured Materials Essential for QPM

Ferroelectrics

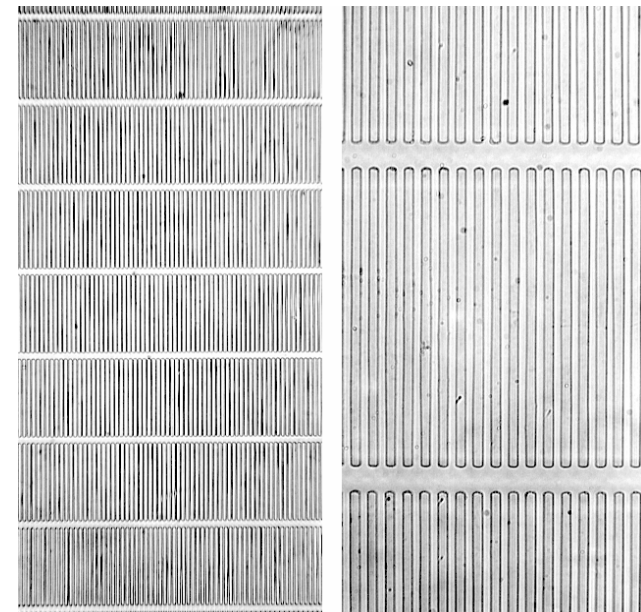
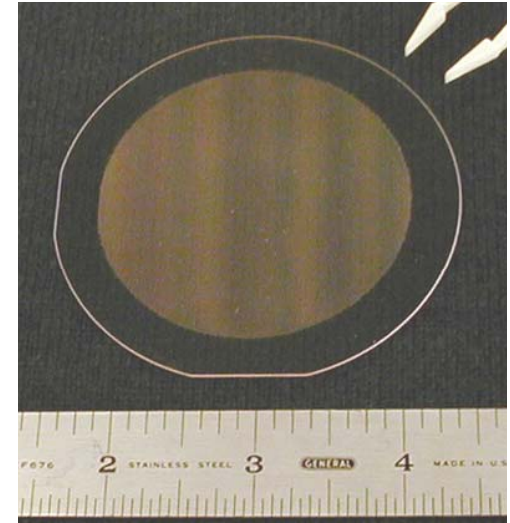
Large Aspect Ratio Structures
Volume patterning by surface lithography



Large Areas
Scalable production

LiNbO_3 (PPLN)
 LiTaO_3 (PPLT)
KTP (PPKTP)

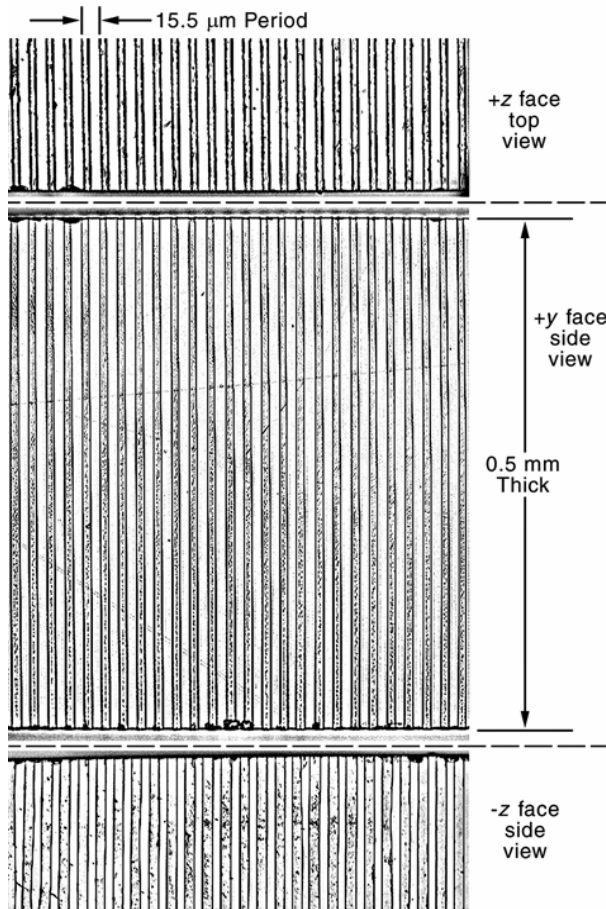
Complex Patterns
Enhanced functionality



Microstructured Materials Essential for QPM

Ferroelectrics

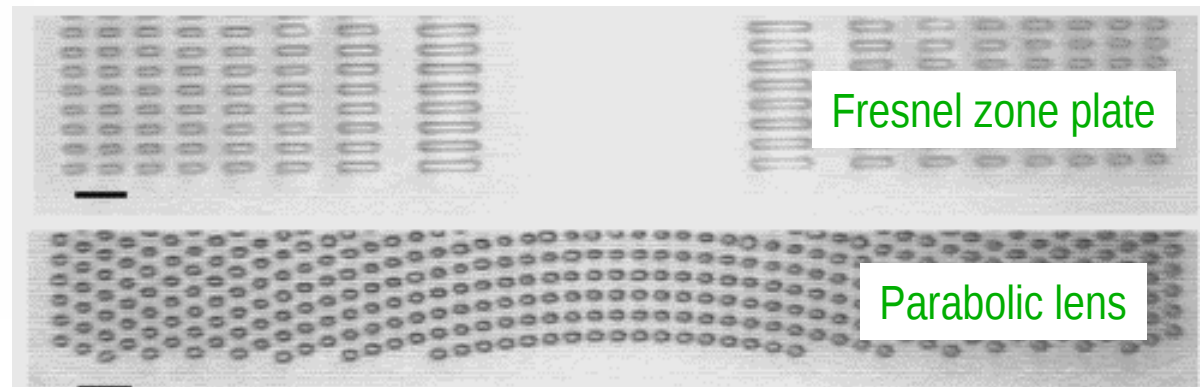
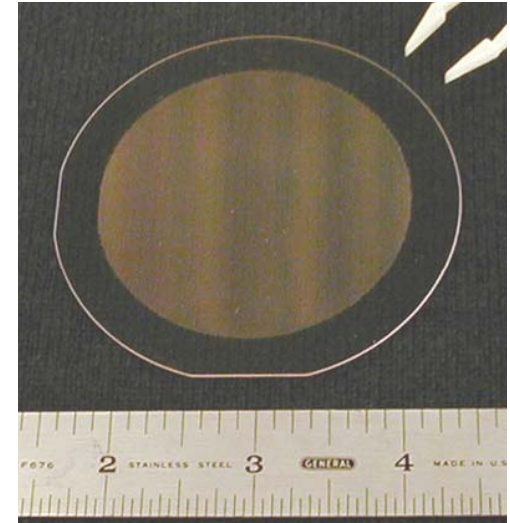
Large Aspect Ratio Structures
Volume patterning by surface lithography



Large Areas
Scalable production

LiNbO_3 (PPLN)
 LiTaO_3 (PPLT)
KTP (PPKTP)

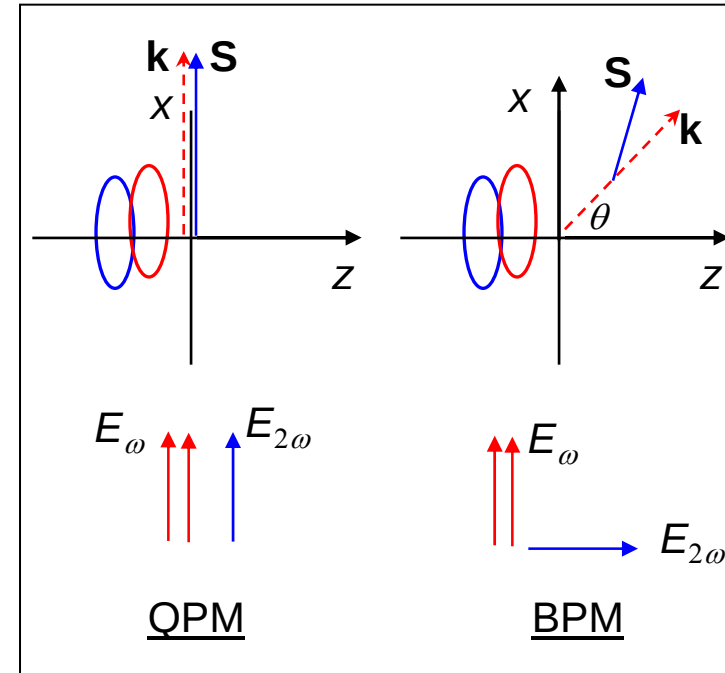
Complex Patterns
Enhanced functionality



Advantages of QPM

Eliminates dependence on birefringence for phasematching

- Any interaction within transparency range
 - even in non-birefringent materials (GaAs)
- Noncritical phasematching
 - eliminates Poynting vector walkoff
 - especially important for OPOs
- Any desired polarizations
 - use large diagonal nonlinear coefficients
 - for LiNbO_3 : $d_{33}/d_{31} = 7$
- *Aperiodic gratings*
 - shape temporal, spatial, spectral response
- One material can be tailored for many applications
 - base technology on readily available commodity material



Generic Nonlinear Material
using patternable media
for micron scale features

Many Applications for Engineerable Materials

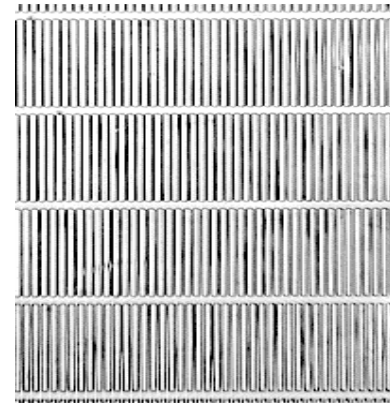
Efficient CW Interactions

large nonlinear susceptibility $\chi^{(2)}$



20 watt CW SHG
532 nm
50% efficiency

Multigratings for broadly tuning OPOs
each grating a different wavelength



Many Applications for Engineerable Materials

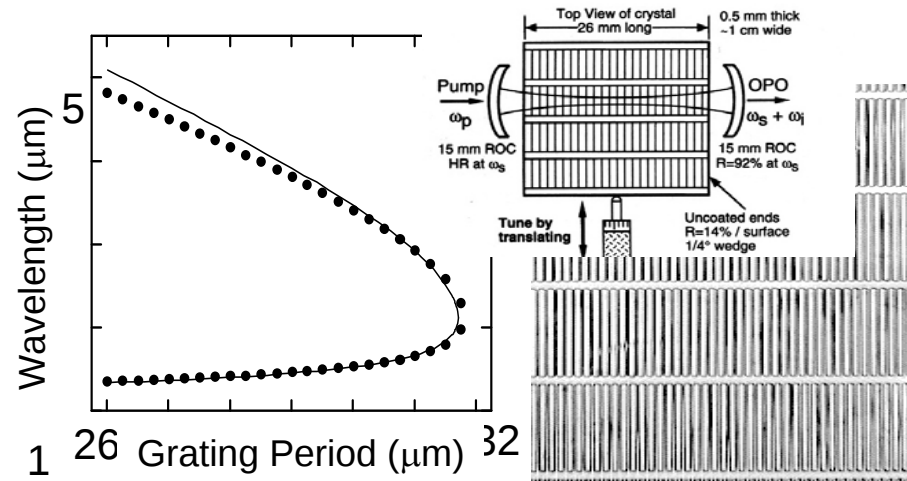
Efficient CW Interactions

large nonlinear susceptibility $\chi^{(2)}$

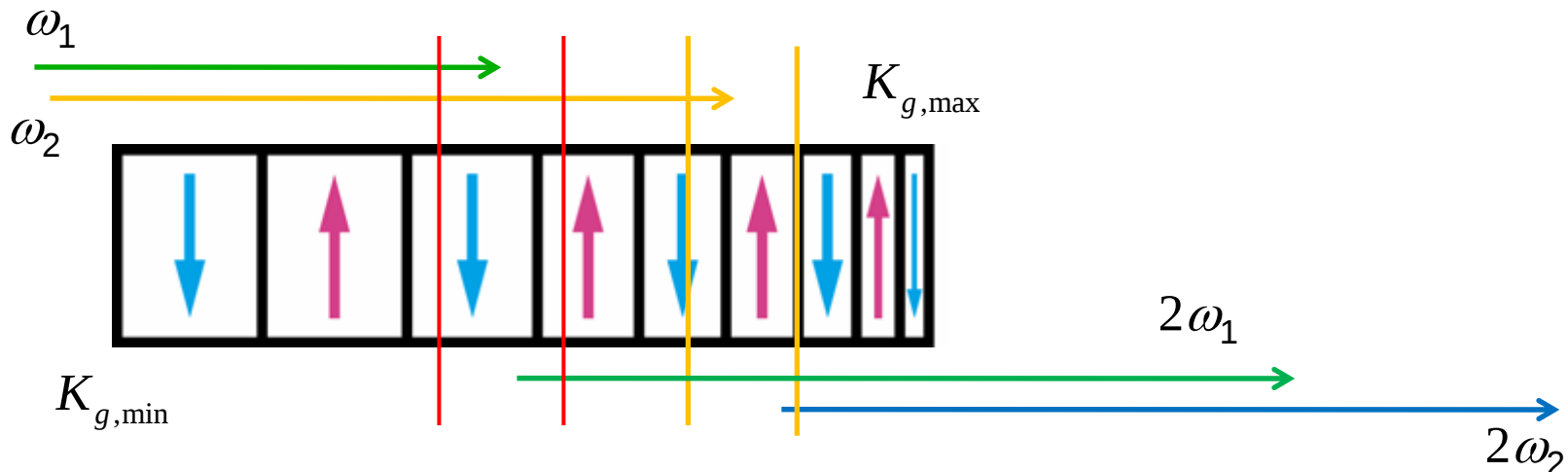


20 watt CW SHG
532 nm
50% efficiency

Multigratings for broadly tuning OPOs each grating a different wavelength



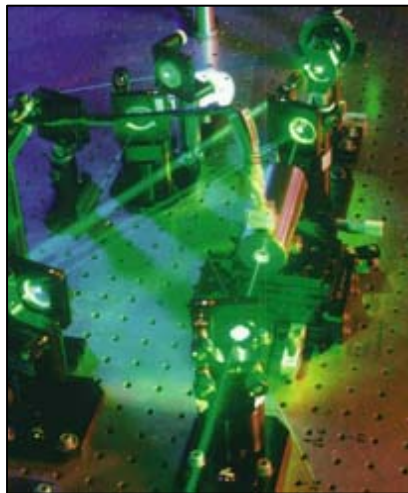
Aperiodic gratings can shape spectra localized conversion of spectral slices



Many Applications for Engineerable Materials

Efficient CW Interactions

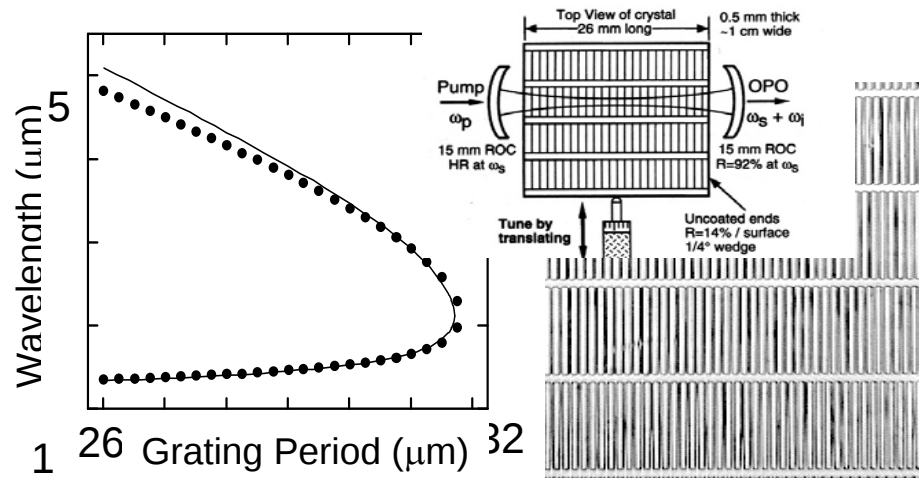
large nonlinear susceptibility $\chi^{(2)}$



20 watt CW SHG
532 nm
50% efficiency

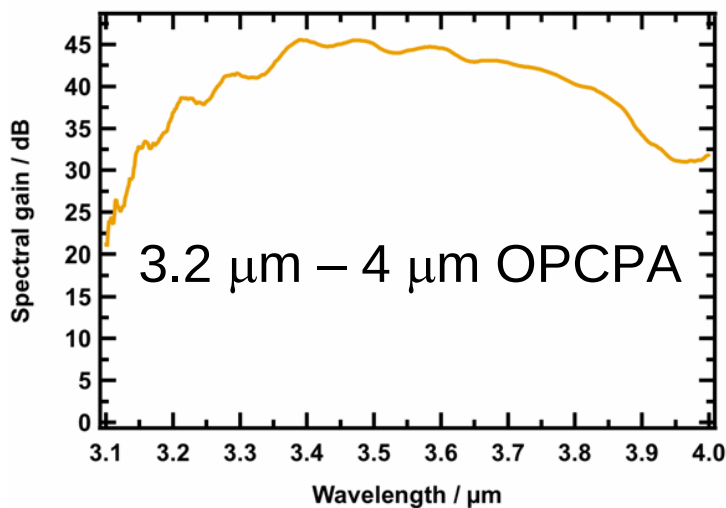
Multigratings for broadly tuning OPOs

each grating a different wavelength



Aperiodic gratings can shape spectra

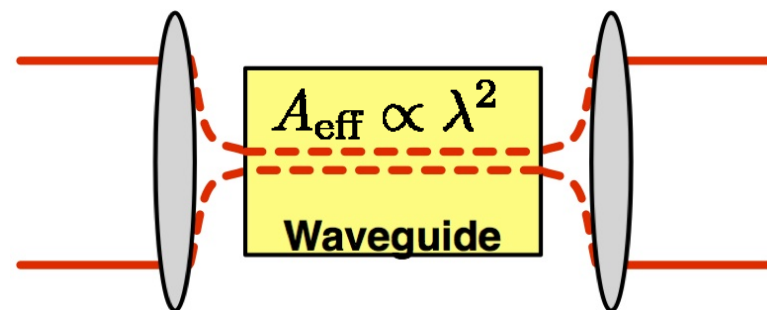
100 kHz OPCPA in chirped QPM



Waveguides:

tight confinement w/o diffraction

⇒ high efficiency at low power

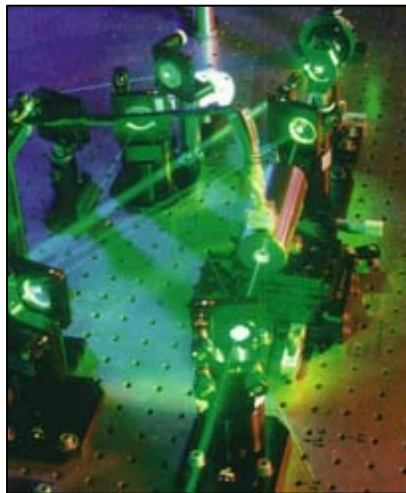


$$\frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \propto \frac{P_{in}}{A_{eff}} L^2$$

Many Applications for Engineerable Materials

Efficient CW Interactions

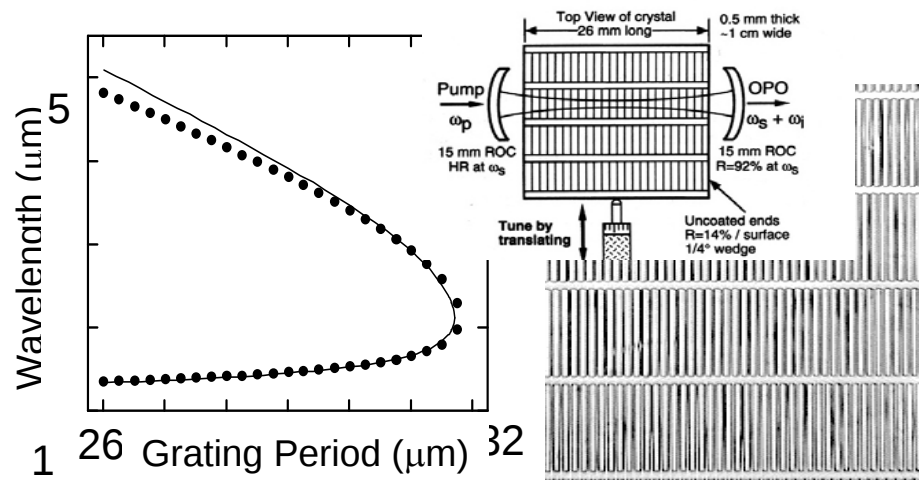
large nonlinear susceptibility $\chi^{(2)}$



20 watt CW SHG
532 nm
50% efficiency

Multigratings for broadly tuning OPOs

each grating a different wavelength

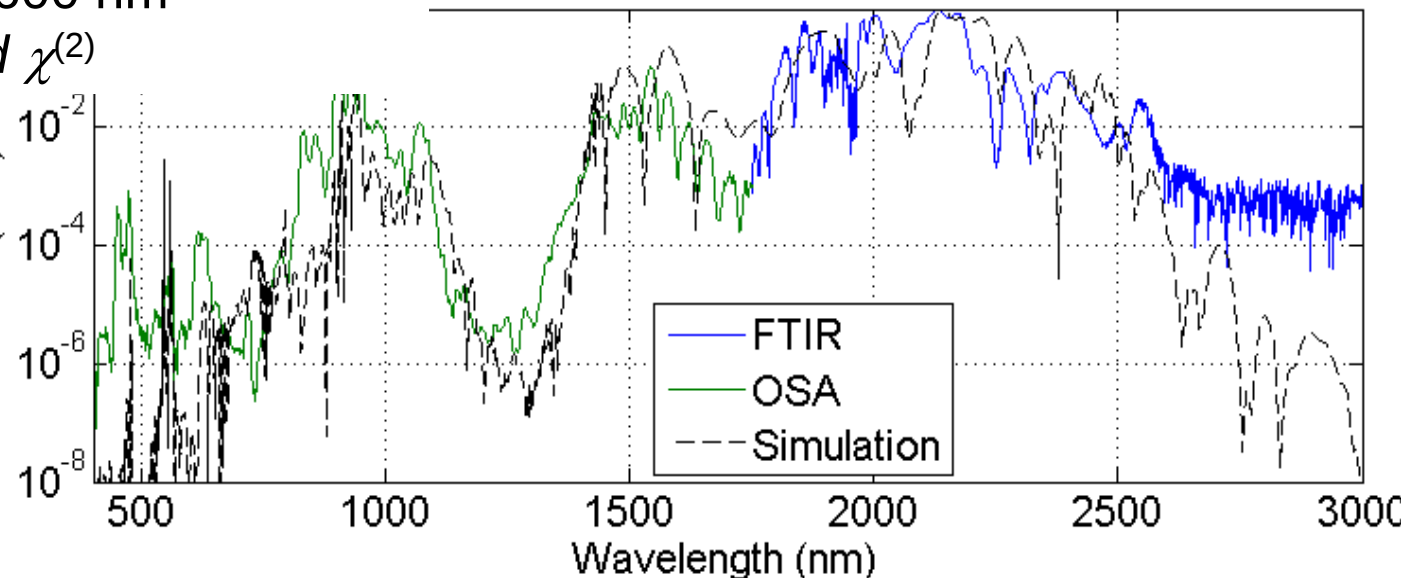


Aperiodic gratings can shape spectra

continuum 500 – 2600 nm

SPM via cascaded $\chi^{(2)}$

$$\chi_{eff}^{(3)}(z) \sim \frac{\chi^{(2)^2}}{\Delta k(z)}$$



Outline: 35 Years of QPM

- Introduction
- History
 - ferroelectrics
 - semiconductors
- Current topics
 - microstructured materials
 - QPM devices

Outline: 35 Years of QPM

- Introduction
- History
 - ferroelectrics
 - semiconductors
- Current topics
 - ~~– microstructured materials~~
 - ~~– QPM devices~~

Outline: 35 Years of QPM

- Introduction
- History
 - ferroelectrics
 - ~~– semiconductors~~
- Current topics
 - ~~– microstructured materials~~
 - ~~– QPM devices~~

Outline: 35 Years of QPM

- Introduction
- History
 - ferroelectrics
 - ~~– semiconductors~~
- Current topics
 - ~~– microstructured materials~~
 - ~~– QPM devices~~

First Laser in 1960

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser



1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010
------	------	------	------	------	------



Franken SHG, 1961: 50th Anniversary

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

VOLUME 7, NUMBER 4

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

AUGUST 15, 1961

GENERATION OF OPTICAL HARMONICS*

P. A. Franken, A. E. Hill, C. W. Peters, and G. Weinreich

The Harrison M. Randall Laboratory of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan

(Received July 21, 1961)

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010



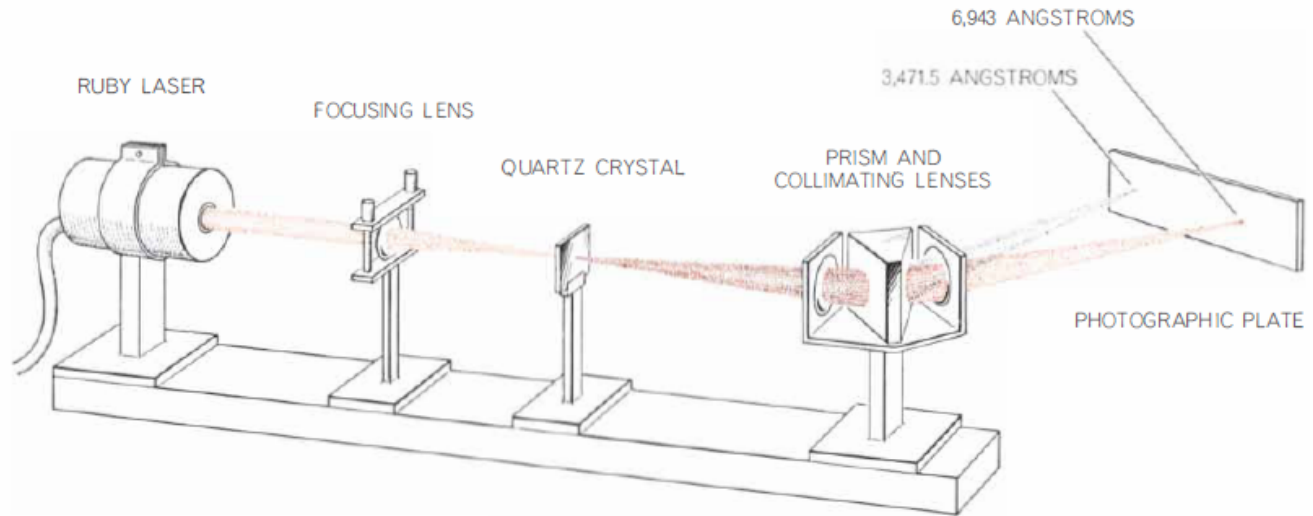
1961

Franken &
SHG

Franken SHG, 1961: 50th Anniversary

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser



1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010



1961

Franken &
SHG

SCI. AM.

P.R.L.

34 35 36 37 38 39 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80

Bloembergen's Classic Theory Paper One Year Later

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

PHYSICAL REVIEW

VOLUME 127, NUMBER 6

SEPTEMBER 15, 1962

Interactions between Light Waves in a Nonlinear Dielectric*

J. A. ARMSTRONG, N. BLOEMBERGEN, J. DUCUING,[†] AND P. S. PERSHAN
Division of Engineering and Applied Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts
(Received April 16, 1962)

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010



1961

Franken &
SHG

Bloembergen's Classic Theory Paper One Year Later

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

PHYSICAL REVIEW

VOLUME 127, NUMBER 6

SEPTEMBER 15, 1962

Interactions between Light Waves in a Nonlinear Dielectric*

J. A. ARMSTRONG, N. BLOEMBERGEN, J. DUCUING,† AND P. S. PERSHAN

Division of Engineering and Applied Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts

(Received April 16, 1962)

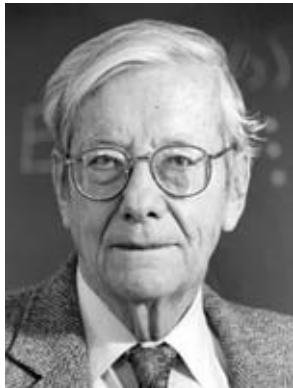
1960

1970

90

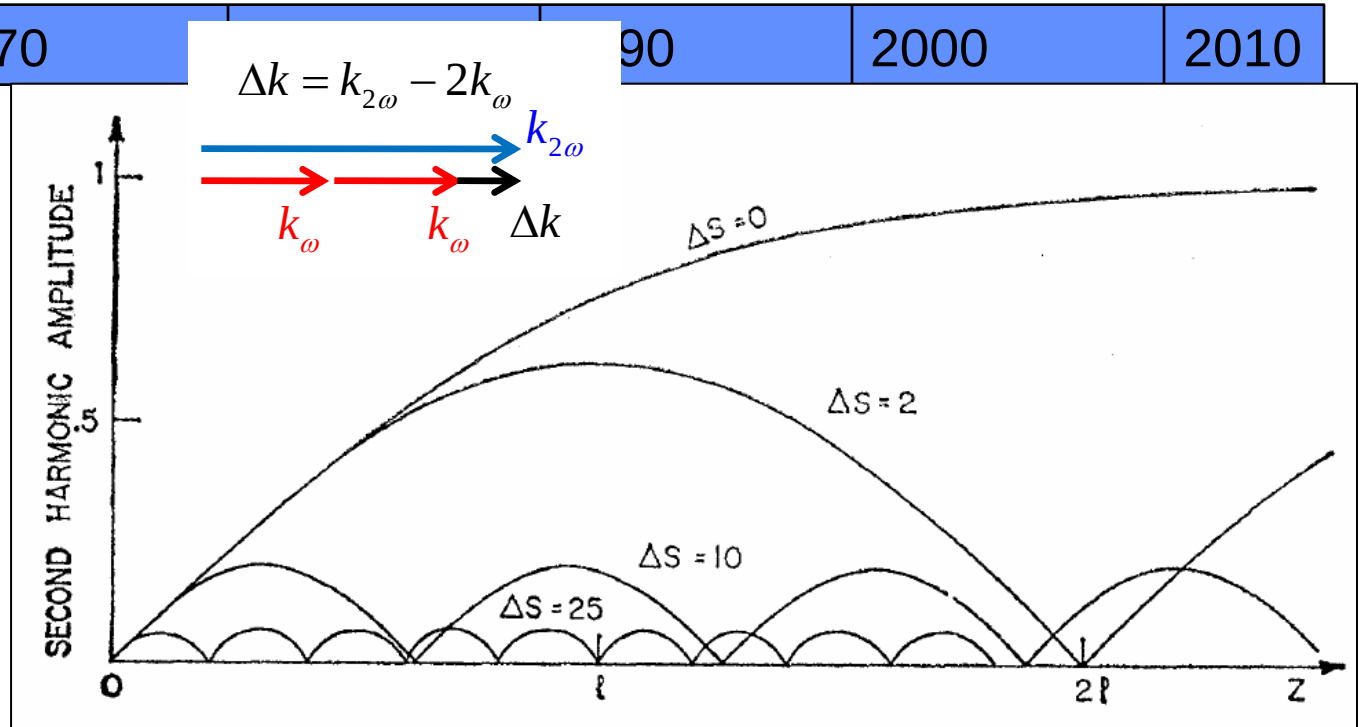
2000

2010



1961

Franken &
SHG



Birefringent Phasematching Same Year

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

VOLUME 8, NUMBER 1

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

JANUARY 1, 1962

MIXING OF LIGHT BEAMS IN CRYSTALS

J. A. Giordmaine

Bell Telephone Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey

(Received November 29, 1961)

VOLUME 8, NUMBER 1

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

JANUARY 1, 1962

EFFECTS OF DISPERSION AND FOCUSING ON THE PRODUCTION OF OPTICAL HARMONICS

P. D. Maker, R. W. Terhune, M. Nisenoff, and C. M. Savage

Scientific Laboratory, Ford Motor Company, Dearborn, Michigan

(Received December 8, 1961)

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

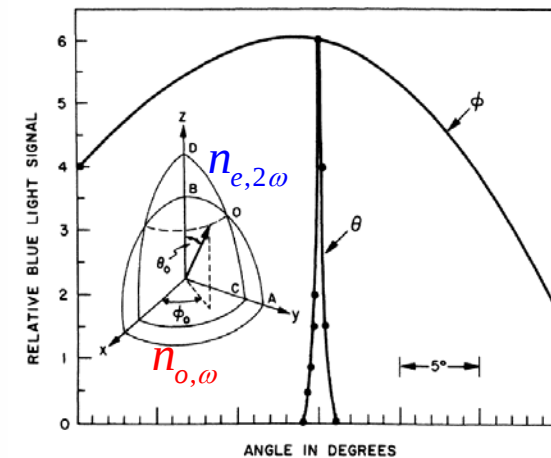
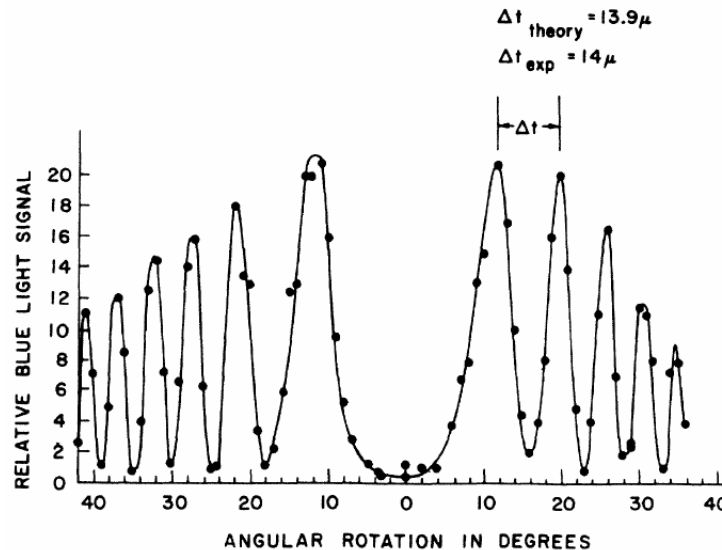
2010

1962

Giordmaine/Maker
Birefringent
Phasematching

1961

Franken &
SHG



First OPO in 1965

1965

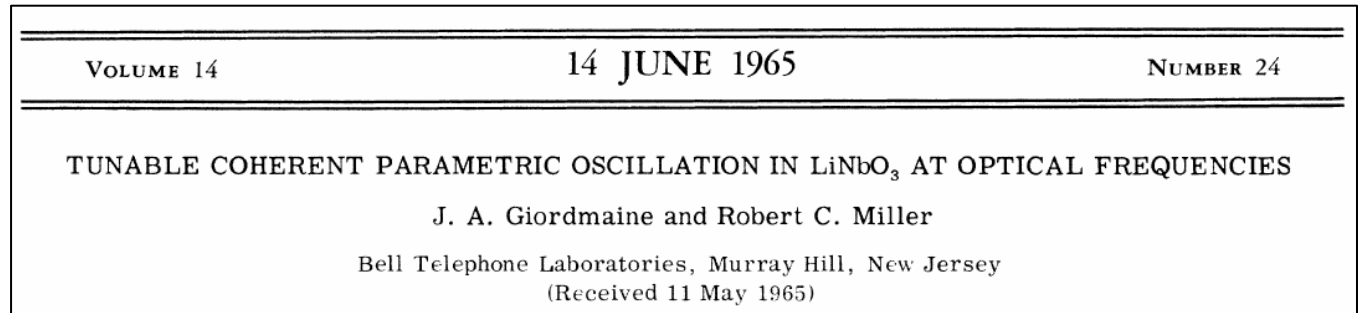
Giordmaine &
Miller, First OPO

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO



1960

1970

1980

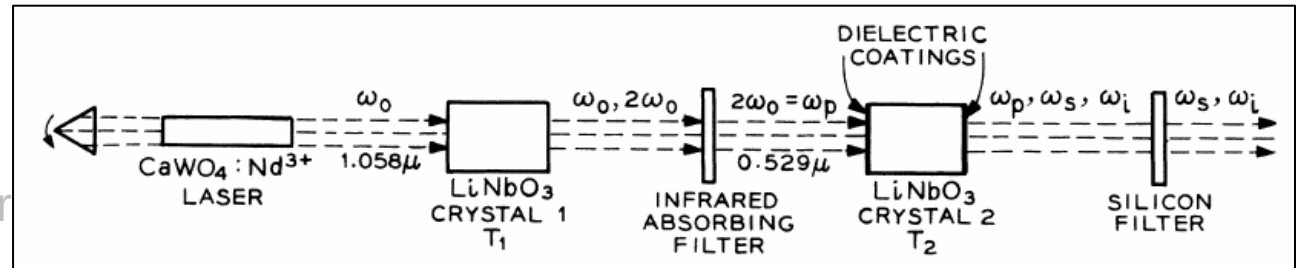
1990

2000

2010

1962

Giordmaine/Maker
Birefringent
Phasematching



1961

Franken &
SHG

First OPO in 1965

1965

Giordmaine &
Miller, First OPO

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

1960

1970

1980

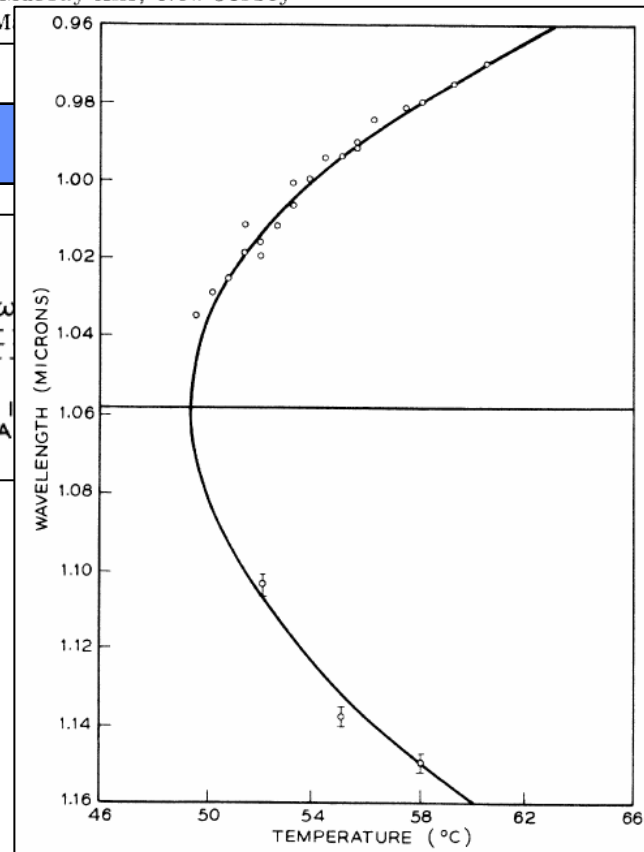
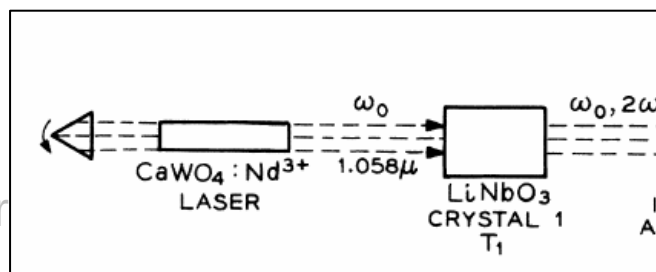
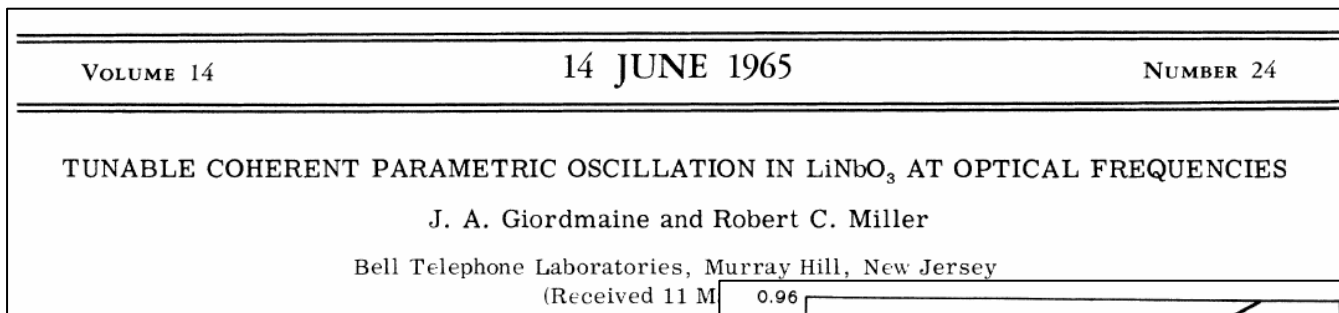
1990

1962

Giordmaine/Maker
Birefringent
Phasematching

1961

Franken &
SHG



Bloembergen Also Proposed QPM in 1962

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

1960

1970

1961

Franken &
SHG

PHYSICAL REVIEW

VOLUME 127, NUMBER 6

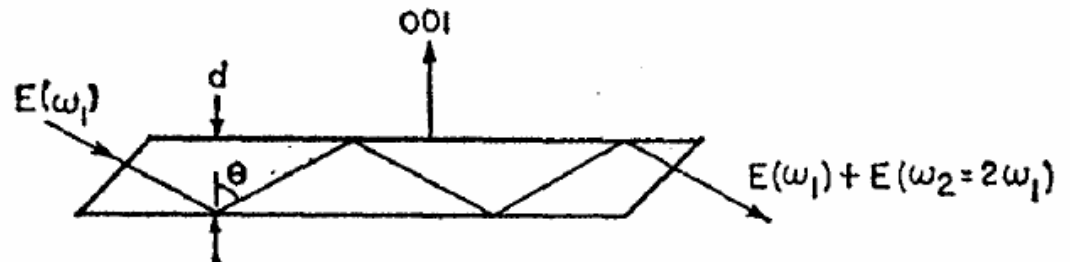
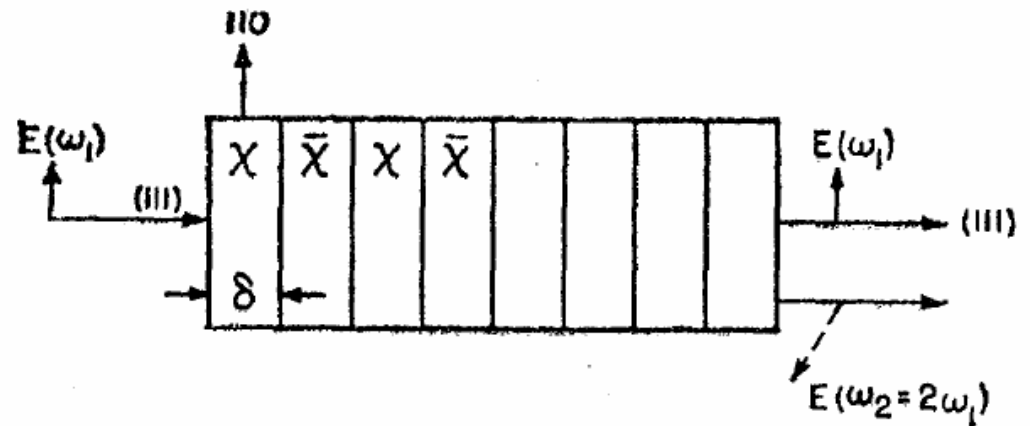
SEPTEMBER 15, 1962

Interactions between Light Waves in a Nonlinear Dielectric*

J. A. ARMSTRONG, N. BLOEMBERGEN, J. DUCUING,[†] AND P. S. PERSHAN

Division of Engineering and Applied Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts

(Received April 16, 1962)



QPM Patent Issued 1968

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

May 21, 1968

N. BLOEMBERGEN
APPARATUS FOR CONVERTING LIGHT ENERGY FROM
ONE FREQUENCY TO ANOTHER

Filed July 9, 1962

3,384,433

2 Sheets-Sheet 1

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1961

Franken &
SHG

FIG. 1

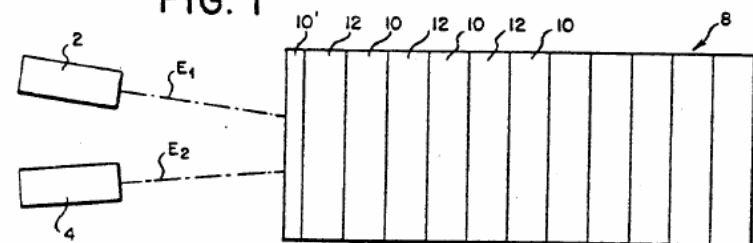
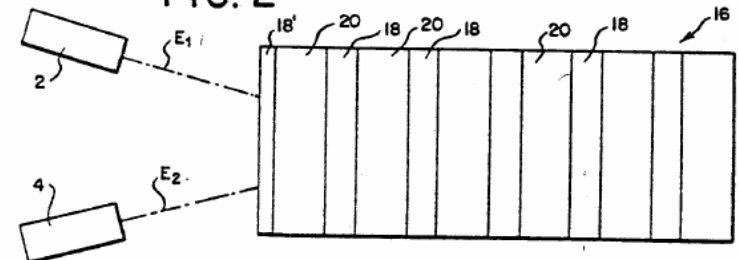


FIG. 2



Importance of Ferroelectric Domains Recognized: 1964

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

1960

1970

1980

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

PHYSICAL REVIEW

VOLUME 134, NUMBER 5A

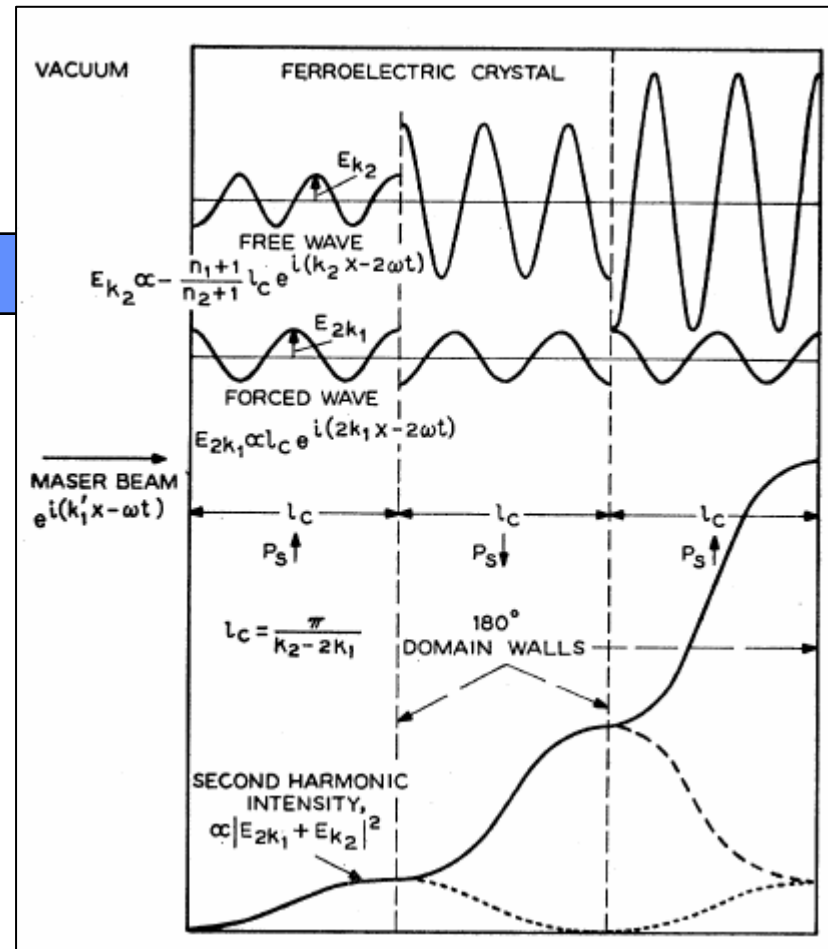
1 JUNE 1964

Optical Harmonic Generation in Single Crystal BaTiO₃

ROBERT C. MILLER

Bell Telephone Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey

(Received 21 January 1964)



0

Twinned II-VI Semiconductors: 1972

1972

Twinned
semiconductors

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

GENERATION DE SECOND HARMONIQUE NON COLINEAIRE ET COLINEAIRE
DANS ZnS. ACCORD DE PHASE ("PHASE MATCHING")
PAR LA STRUCTURE LAMELLAIRE DU CRISTAL

J. MUZART, F. BELLON, C.A. ARGÜELLO et R.C.C. LEITE
Instituto de Física "Gleb Wataghin", Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, S.P., Brasil

Reçu le 11 septembre 1972

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

**Enhanced nonlinear optical effects in rotationally twinned
crystals***

C. F. Dewey Jr. and L. O. Hocker

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139
(Received 20 January 1975)

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM

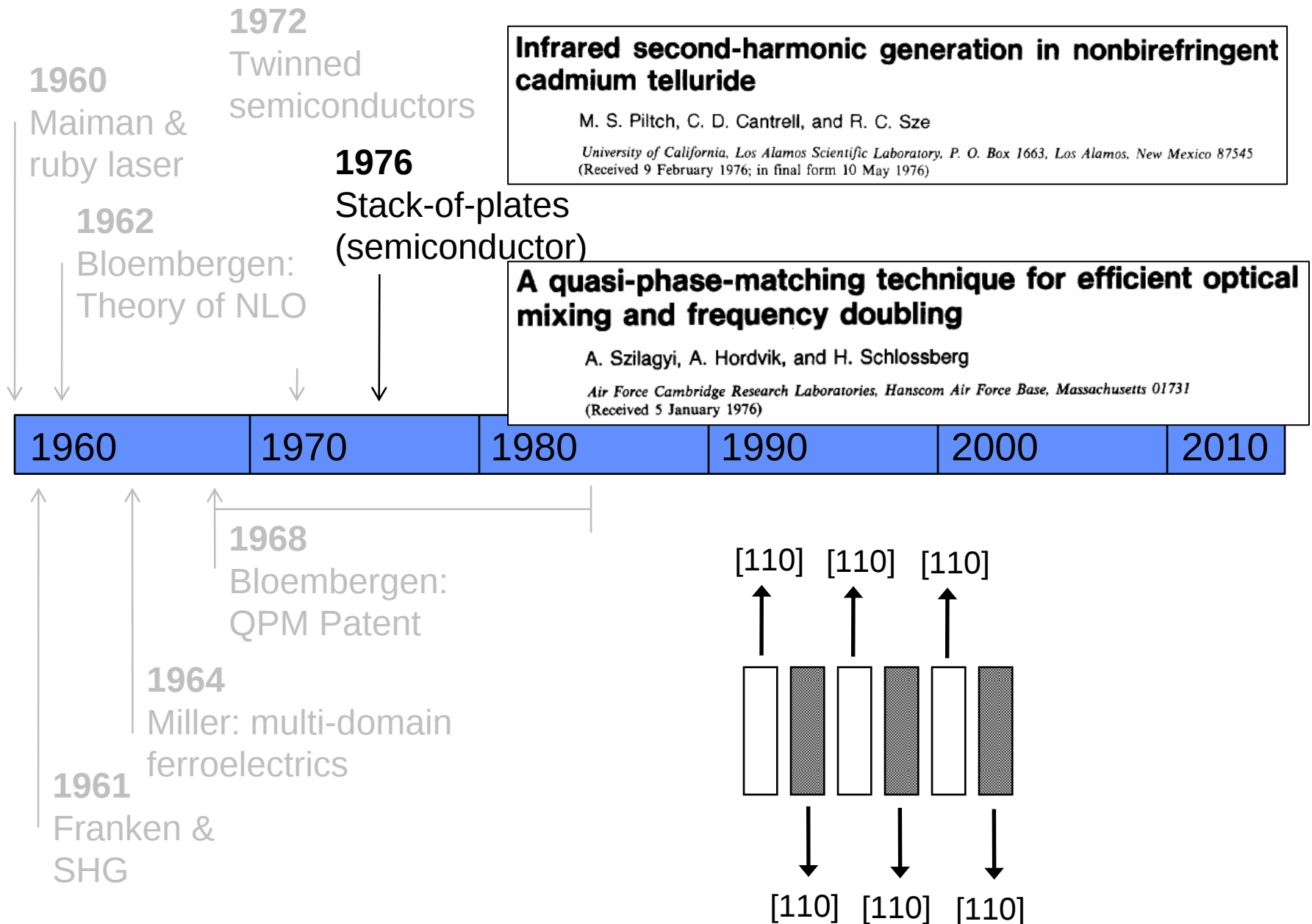
1964

Miller: mu
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

Stacks of II-VI and III-V Semiconductor Plates: 1976



Stacks of II-VI and III-V Semiconductor Plates: 1976

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1972

Twin
semic

Infrared second-harmonic generation in nonbirefringent cadmium telluride

M. S. Piltch, C. D. Cantrell, and R. C. Sze

University of California, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, P. O. Box 1663, Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545
(Received 9 February 1976; in final form 10 May 1976)

1962

Bloembergen
Theory of NL

A quasi-phase-matching technique for efficient optical mixing and frequency doubling

A. Szilagy, A. Hordvik, and H. Schlossberg

Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories, Hanscom Air Force Base, Massachusetts 01731
(Received 5 January 1976)

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

1968

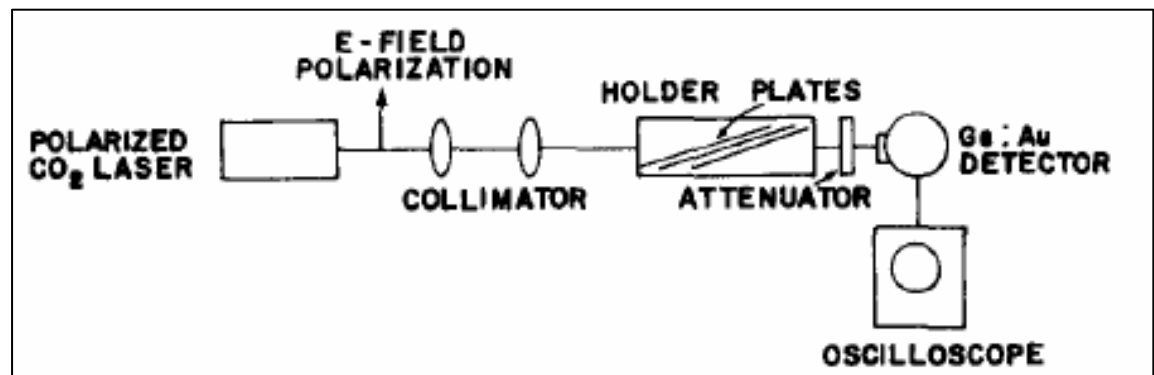
Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG



Stacks of II-VI and III-V Semiconductor Plates: 1976

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen
Theory of NLI

1972

Twin
semic

Infrared second-harmonic generation in nonbirefringent cadmium telluride

M. S. Piltch, C. D. Cantrell, and R. C. Sze

University of California, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, P. O. Box 1663, Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545
(Received 9 February 1976; in final form 10 May 1976)

A quasi-phase-matching technique for efficient optical mixing and frequency doubling

A. Szilagyi, A. Hordvik, and H. Schlossberg

Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories, Hanscom Air F
(Received 5 January 1976)

1960

1970

1980

1990

1968

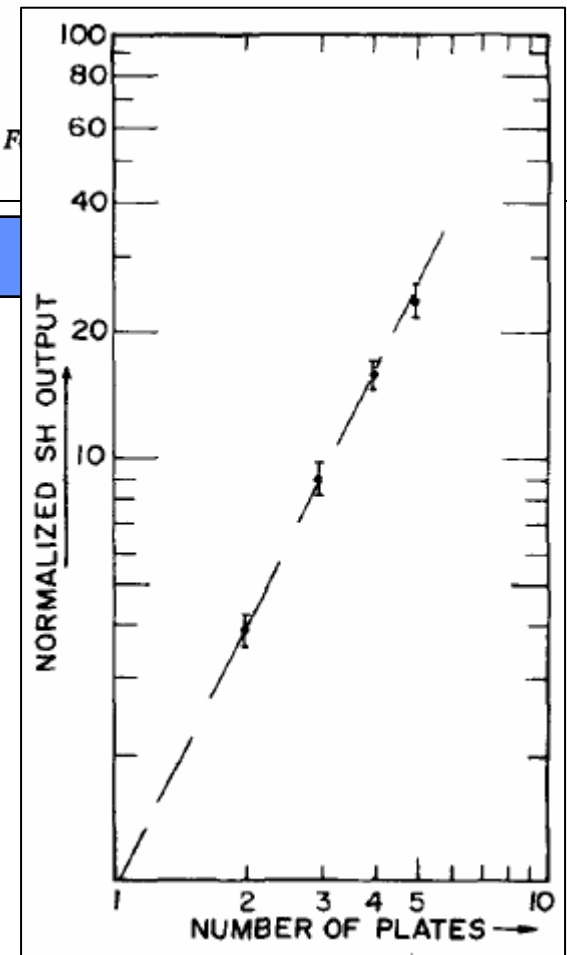
Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG



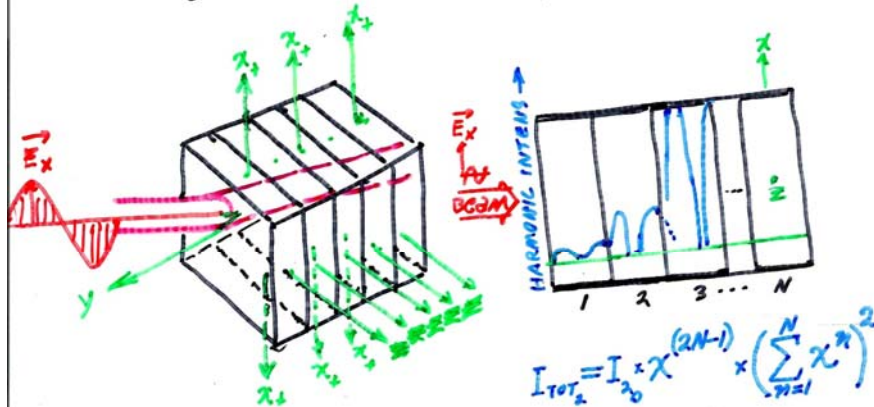
Franken and Hill: Stacks of Quartz Plates: 1961(!)

STACKED CRYSTAL COHERENCE VOLUME ENHANCEMENT

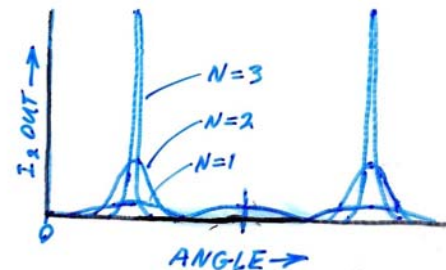
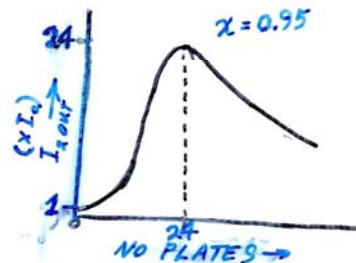
(A. HILL, P. FRANKEN, W. PETERS)

Quartz:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \rho_x &= \alpha(\vec{E}_x^2 - \vec{E}_y^2) + \beta \vec{E}_y \vec{E}_z \\ \rho_y &= -\beta \vec{E}_x \vec{E}_z - 2\alpha \vec{E}_x \vec{E}_y \\ \rho_z &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &\text{for } \vec{E}_x = \vec{E}_y = 0 \\ &\text{(Polarized)} \\ &\text{ALONG } x \end{aligned} \rightarrow \rho_T^2 \propto \vec{E}_x^4$$



$$I_{TOT,2} = I_{2,0} \chi^{(2N-1)} \times \left(\sum_{n=1}^N \chi^n \right)^2$$



Early Presentation Viewgraph by A. Hill

*Note: The only publication of this work was a reference in J. A. Giordmaine's 1964 *Scientific American* article

~~35~~ Years of Quasi-Phasematched Nonlinear Optics

50

M. M. Fejer
E. L. Ginzton Laboratory
Stanford University
fejer@stanford.edu

Periodically Perturbed Growth of LiNbO₃: 1980

1972

Twinned

1960

Maiman
ruby laser

1961

Bloembergen
Th

Enhancement of second-harmonic generation in LiNbO₃ crystals with periodic laminar ferroelectric domains

Duan Feng, Nai-Ben Ming, Jing-Fen Hong, Yong-Shun Yang, Jin-Song Zhu, Zhen Yang, and Ye-Ning Wang

Institute of Solid State Physics, Nanking University, Nanking, China

(Received 23 June 1980; accepted for publication 16 July 1980)



1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

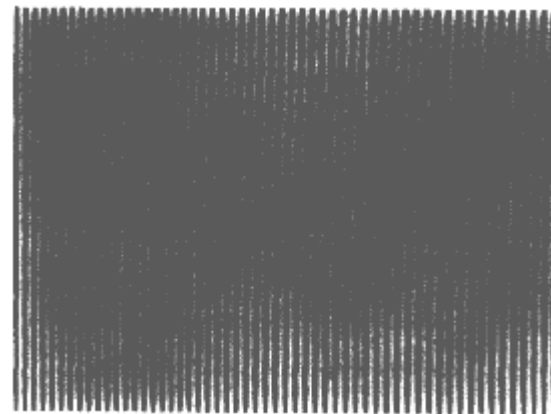
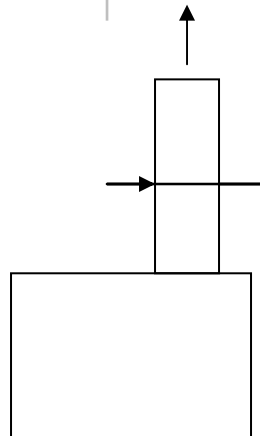
Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

1980

QPM by crystal
growth



Periodically Perturbed Growth of LiNbO₃: 1980

1972

Twinned

1960

Maiman
ruby laser

1961

Bloembergen
Th

Enhancement of second-harmonic generation in LiNbO₃ crystals with periodic laminar ferroelectric domains

Duan Feng, Nai-Ben Ming, Jing-Fen Hong, Yong-Shun Yang, Jin-Song Zhu, Zhen Yang, and Ye-Ning Wang

Institute of Solid State Physics, Nanking University, Nanking, China

(Received 23 June 1980; accepted for publication 16 July 1980)

1960

1970

1980

1990

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

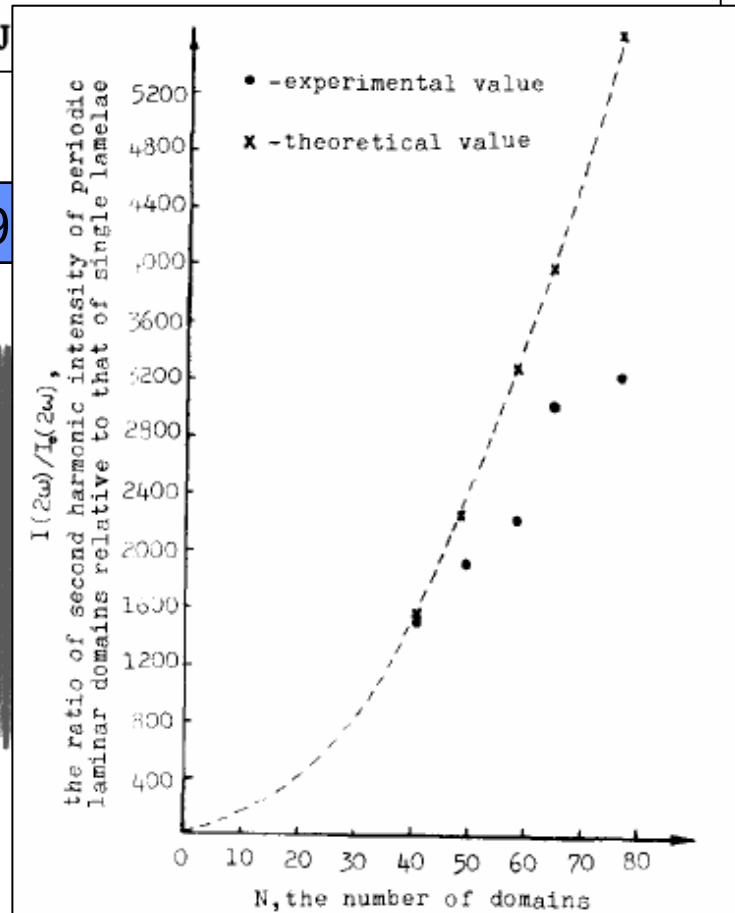
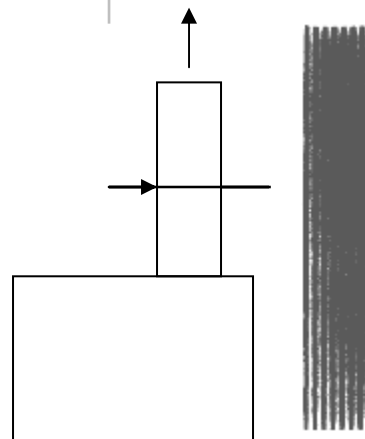
Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

1980

QPM by crystal
growth



Single Crystal Fibers Enable Better Control: 1989

1960

Maiman &

1972

Twinned
semiconductors

1989

Single-crystal
fibers

Quasi-phase-matched second-harmonic generation of blue light in periodically poled LiNbO₃

G. A. Magel, M. M. Fejer, and R. L. Byer

Edward L. Ginzton Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

(Received 24 August 1989; accepted for publication 31 October 1989)

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

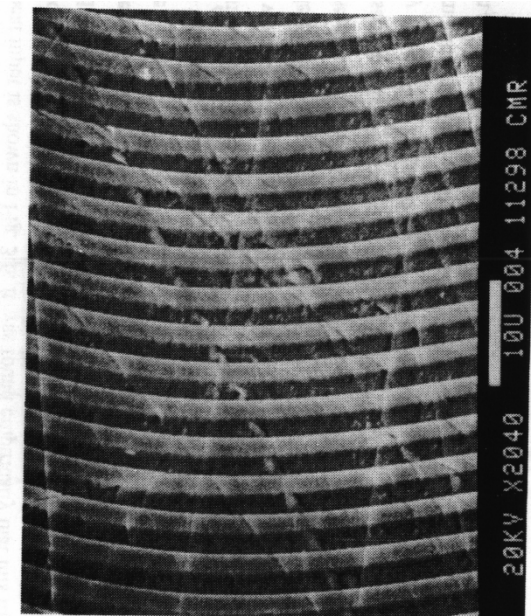
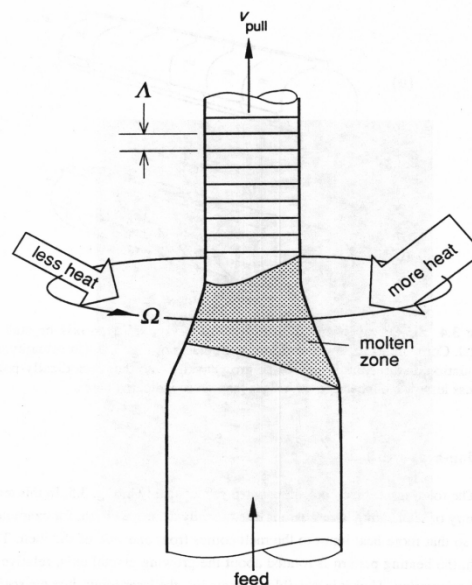
Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

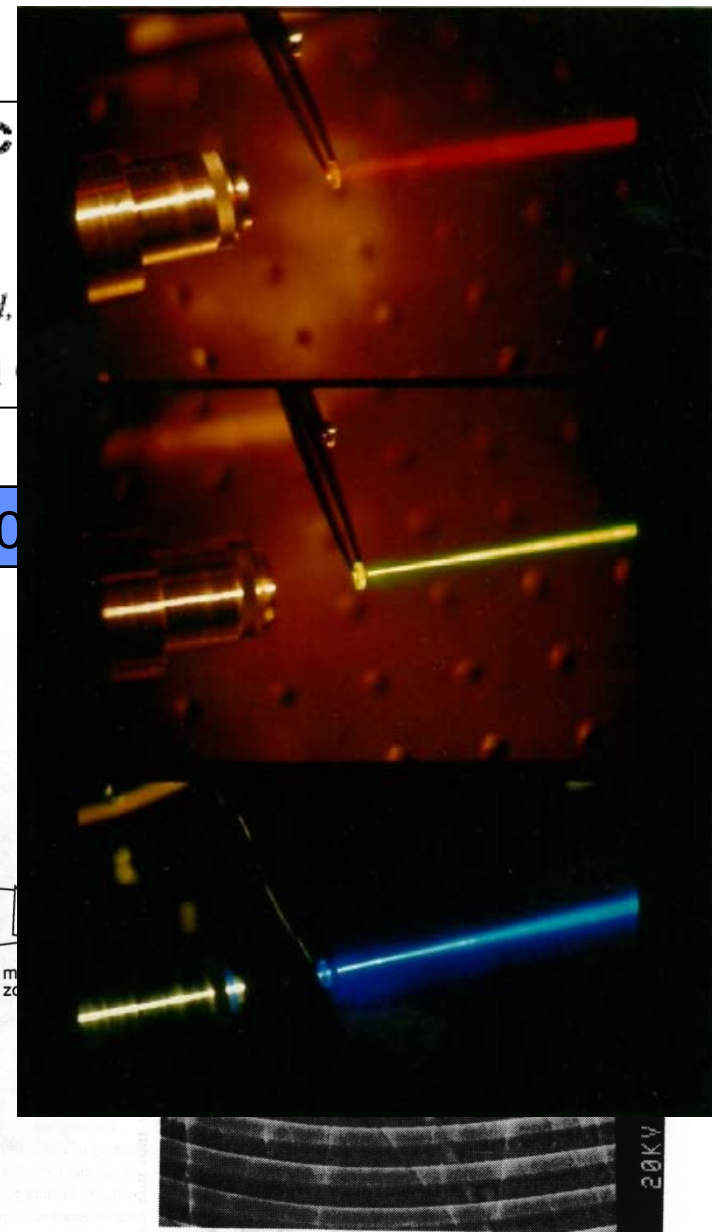
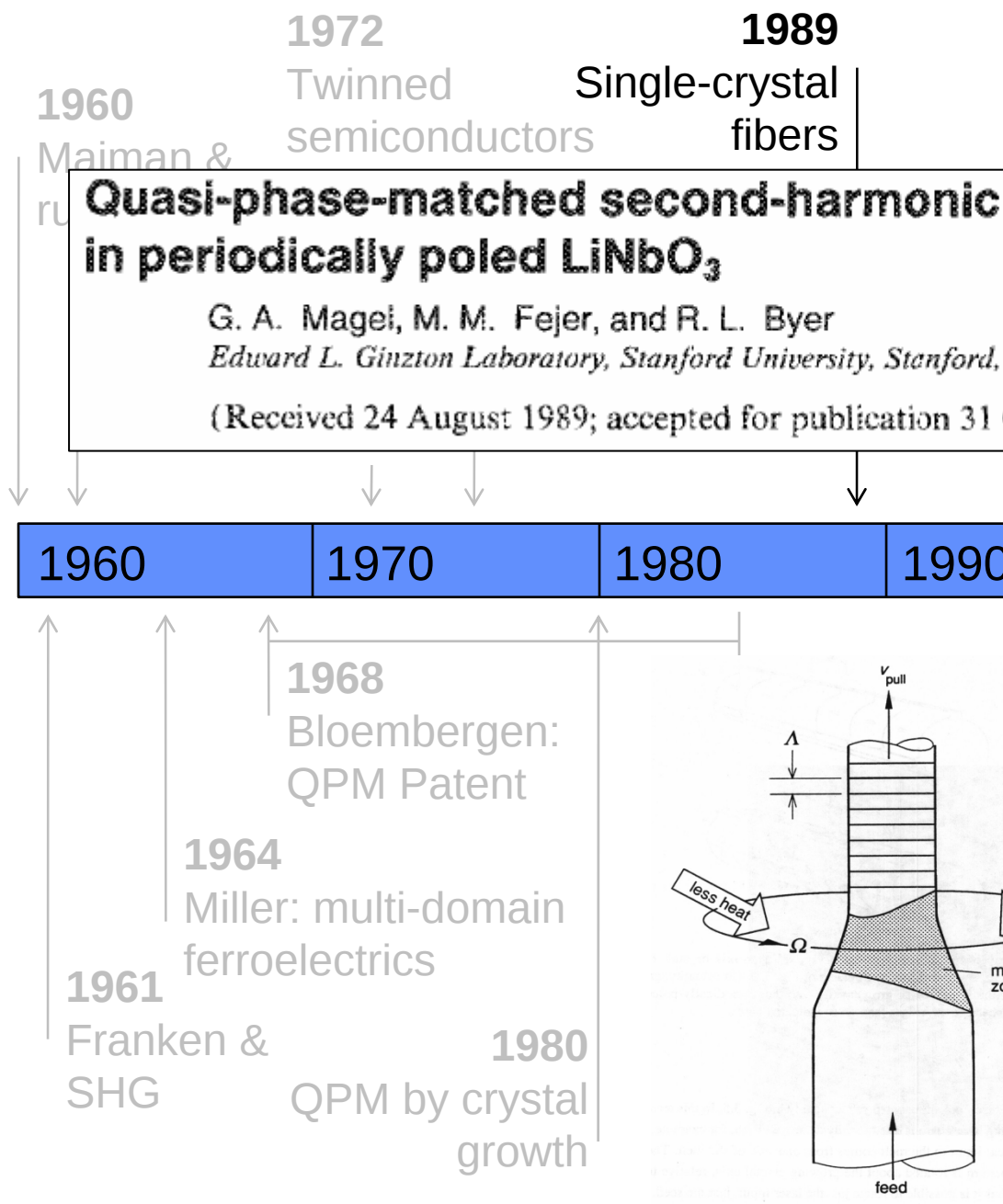
Franken &
SHG

1980

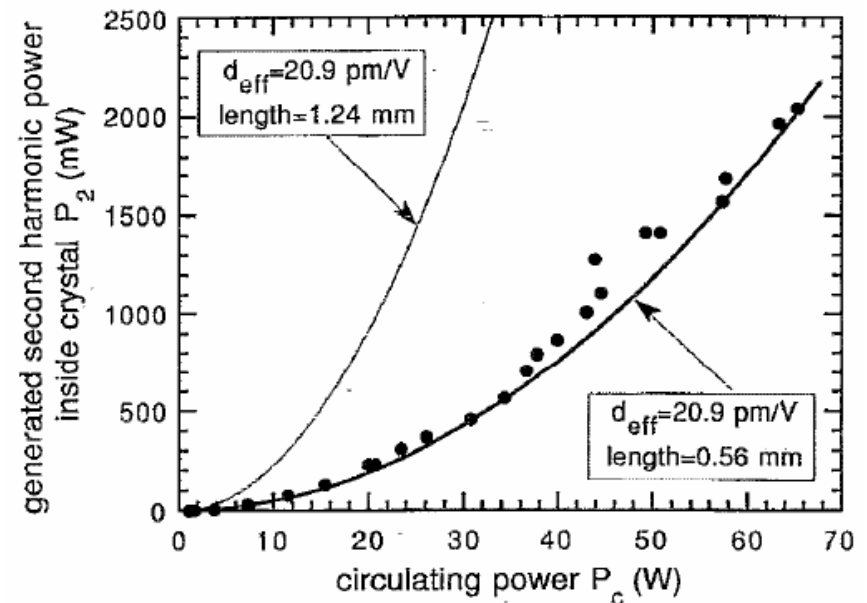
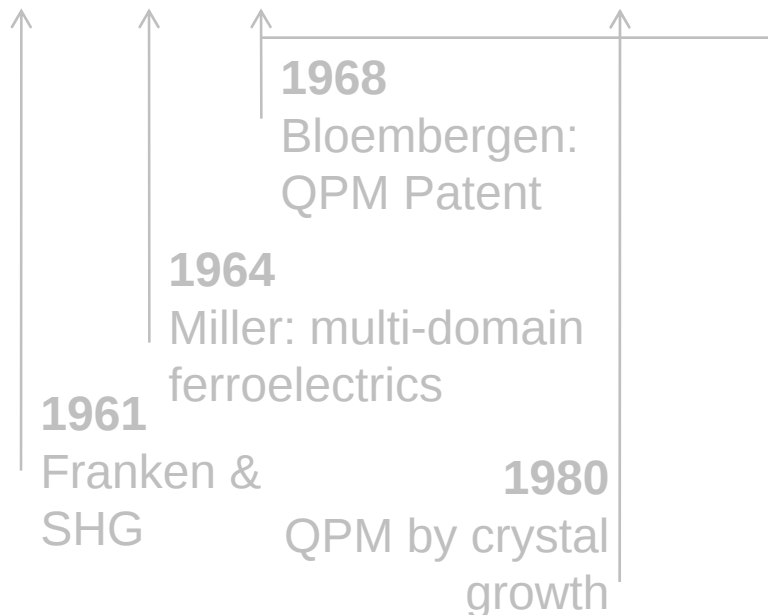
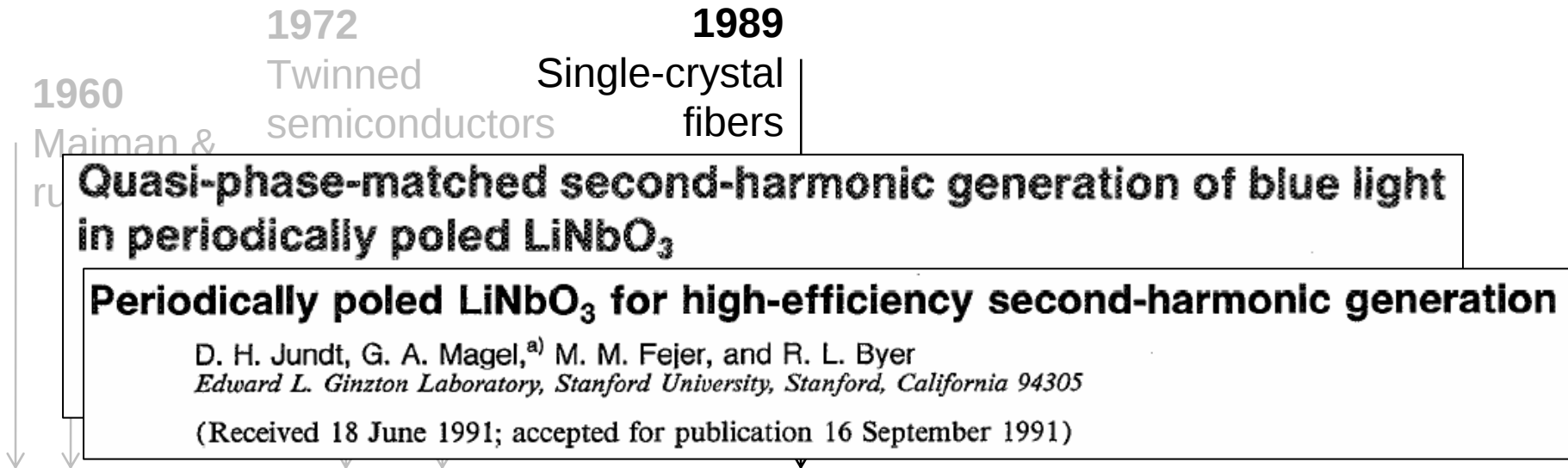
QPM by crystal
growth



Single Crystal Fibers Enable Better Control: 1989



Multiwatt QPM Intracavity SHG in PPLN Fibers



Multiwatt QPM Intracavity SHG in PPLN Fibers

1960 Maiman &
1972 Twinned semiconductors
1989 Single-crystal fibers

Quasi-phase-matched second-harmonic generation of blue light in periodically poled LiNbO₃

Periodically poled LiNbO₃ for high-efficiency second-harmonic generation

D. H. Jundt, G. A. Magel,^{a)} M. M. Fejer, and R. L. Byer
Edward L. Ginzton Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

(Received 18 June 1991; accepted for publication 16 September 1991)

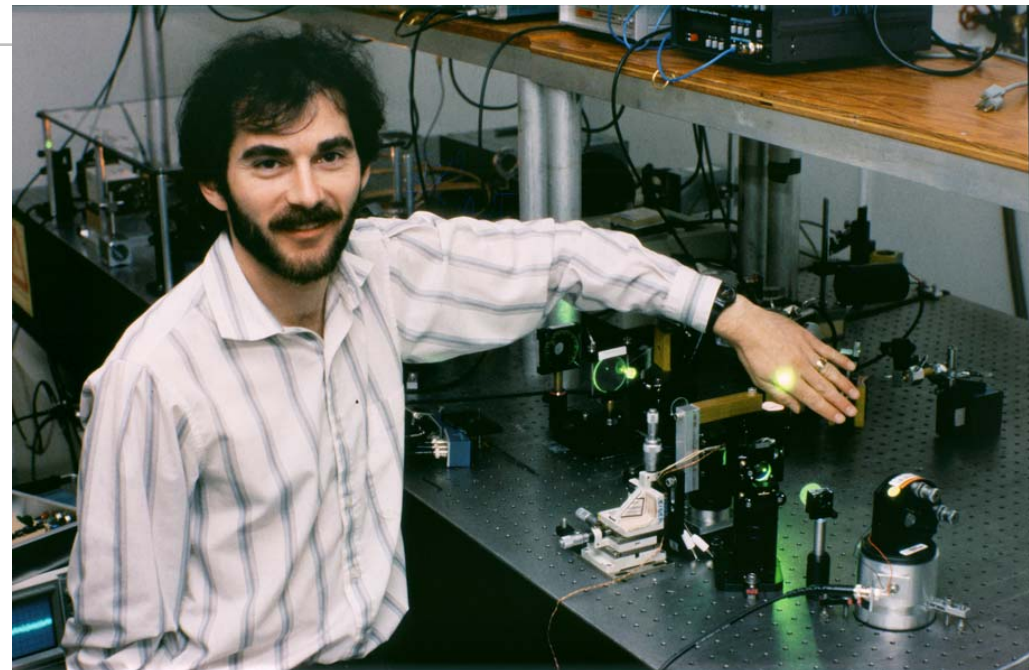


1968
Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

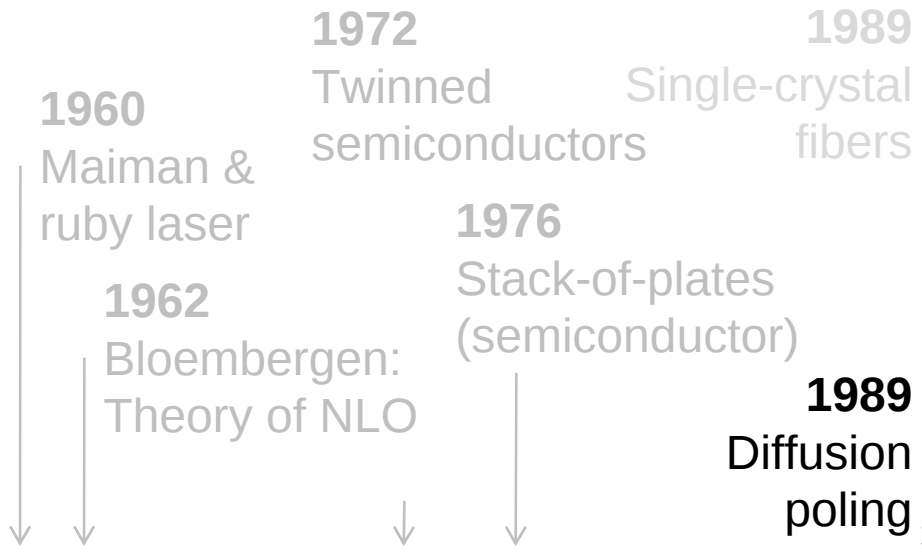
1964
Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961
Franken &
SHG

1980
QPM by crystal
growth



Lithographic Control: Ti-Indiffused LiNbO₃: 1989



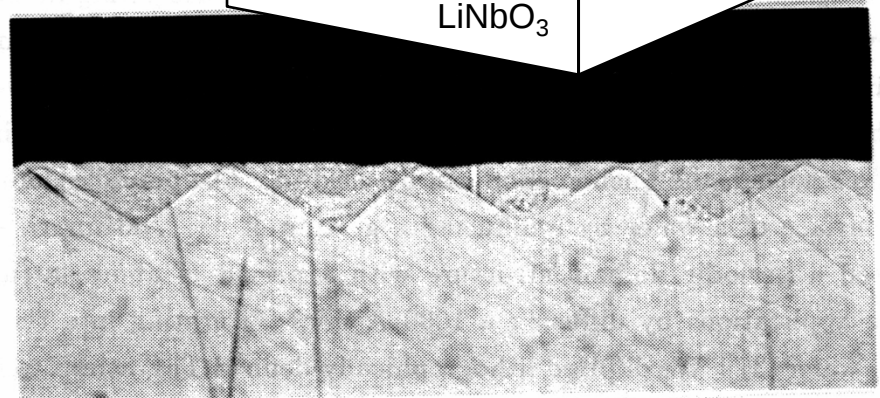
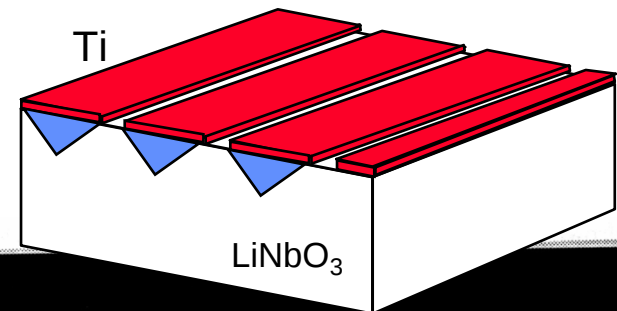
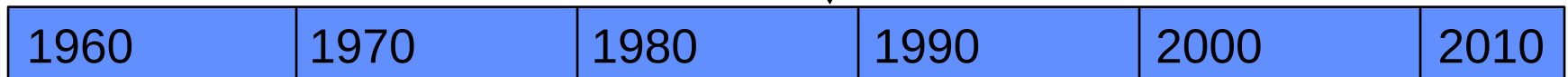
SECOND-HARMONIC GENERATION OF GREEN LIGHT IN PERIODICALLY POLED PLANAR LITHIUM NIOBATE WAVEGUIDE

E.J. LIM, M.M. FEJER, R.L. BYER

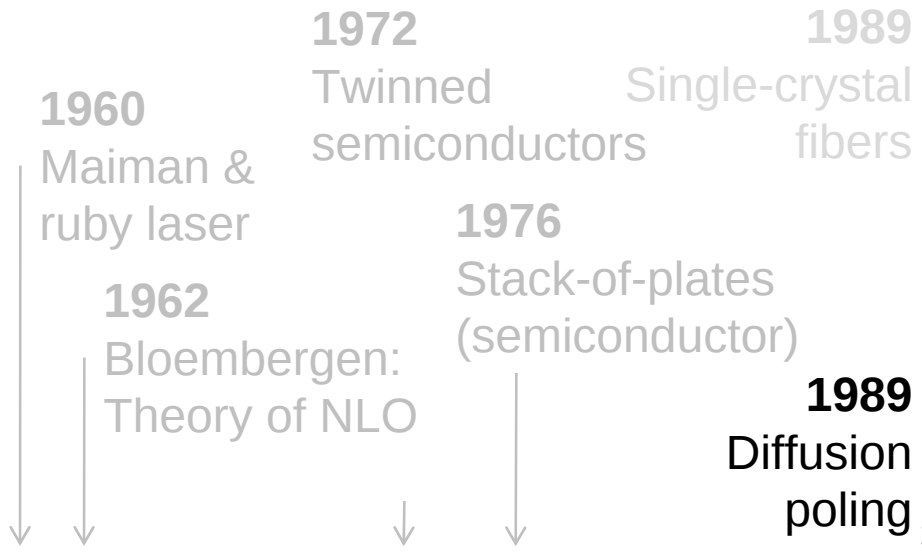
Indexing terms: Optics, Optical waveguides, Integrated optics, Nonlinear optics

A periodically poled, planar waveguide in lithium niobate was used to generate 532 nm radiation at room temperature by continuous-wave frequency-doubling with a conversion efficiency of 5% per W cm². Quasi-phase-matching allowed generation of the second harmonic using the d_{33} nonlinear coefficient.

ELECTRONICS LETTERS 2nd February 1989 Vol. 25 No. 3



Lithographic Control: Ti-Indiffused LiNbO₃: 1989



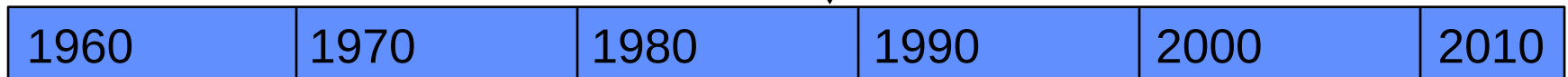
SECOND-HARMONIC GENERATION OF GREEN LIGHT IN PERIODICALLY POLED PLANAR LITHIUM NIOBATE WAVEGUIDE

E.J. LIM, M.M. FEJER, R.L. BYER

Indexing terms: Optics, Optical waveguides, Integrated optics, Nonlinear optics

A periodically poled, planar waveguide in lithium niobate was used to generate 532 nm radiation at room temperature by continuous-wave frequency-doubling with a conversion efficiency of 5% per W cm^2 . Quasi-phase-matching allowed generation of the second harmonic using the d_{33} nonlinear coefficient.

ELECTRONICS LETTERS 2nd February 1989 Vol. 25 No. 3

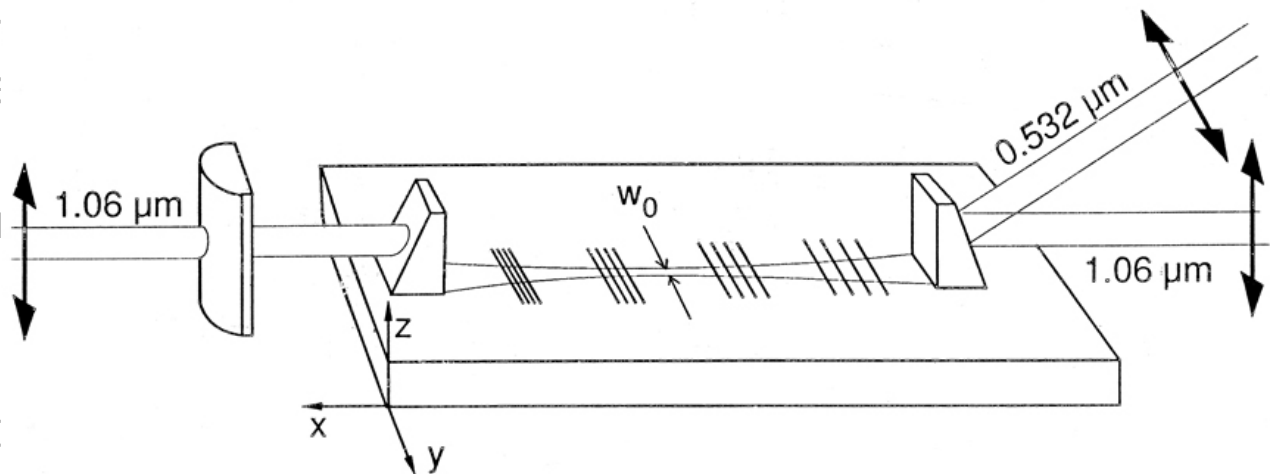


1961 Franken & SHG

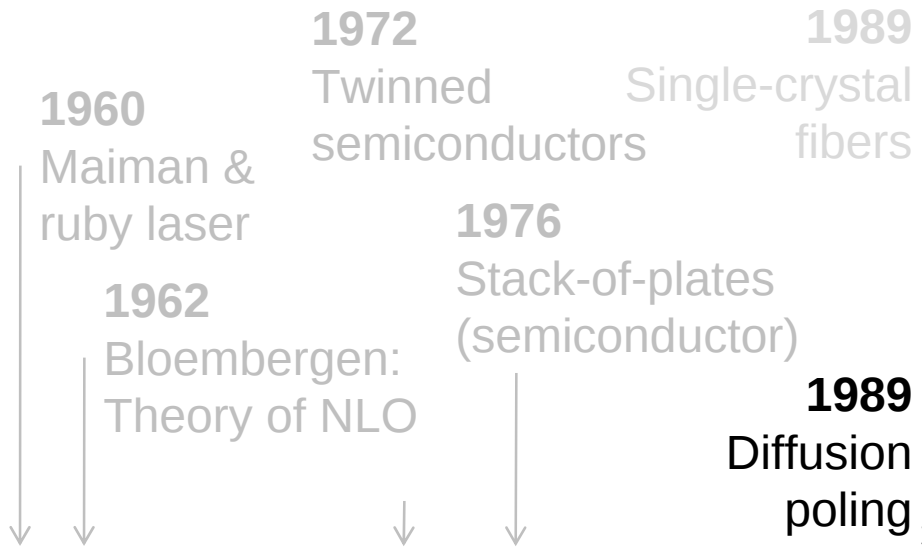
1964 Miller: multi-domain ferroelectrics

1968 Bloembergen QPM Patent

QPM by c-axis growth



Lithographic Control: Ti-Indiffused LiNbO₃: 1989



SECOND-HARMONIC GENERATION OF GREEN LIGHT IN PERIODICALLY POLED PLANAR LITHIUM NIOBATE WAVEGUIDE

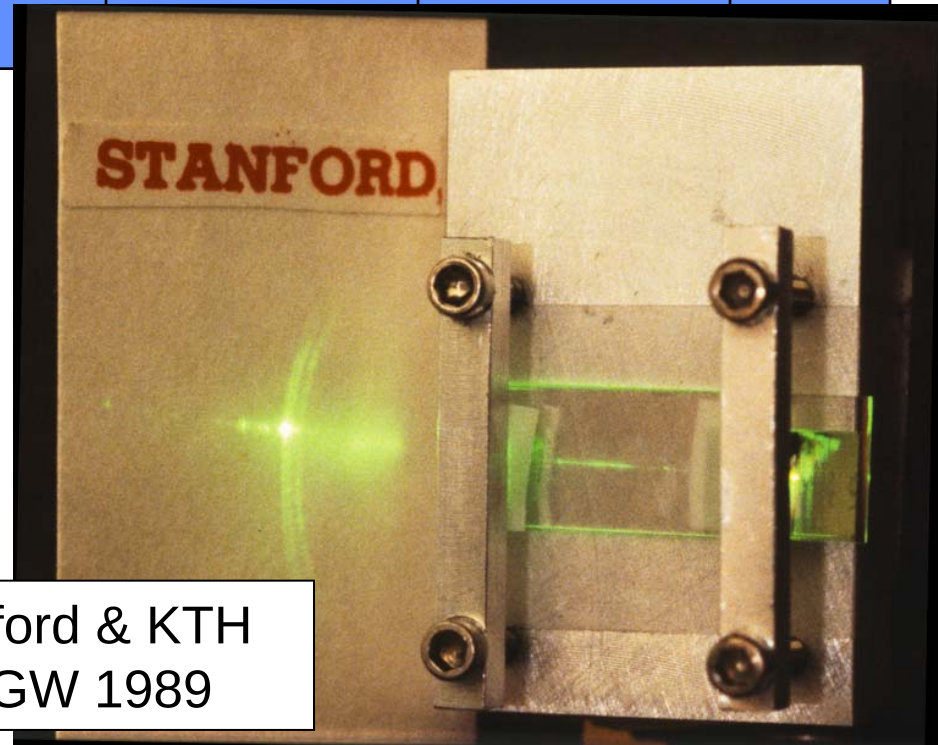
E.J. LIM, M.M. FEJER, R.L. BYER

Indexing terms: Optics, Optical waveguides, Integrated optics, Nonlinear optics

A periodically poled, planar waveguide in lithium niobate was used to generate 532 nm radiation at room temperature by continuous-wave frequency-doubling with a conversion efficiency of 5% per W cm². Quasi-phase-matching allowed generation of the second harmonic using the d_{33} nonlinear coefficient.

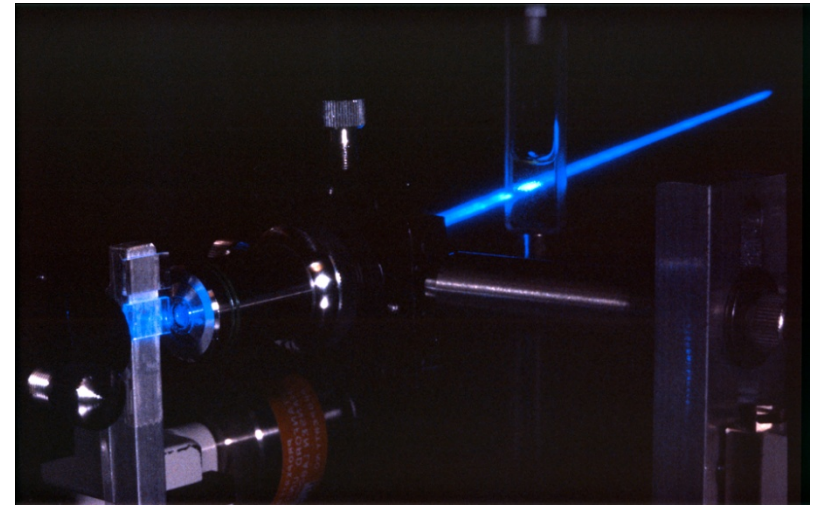
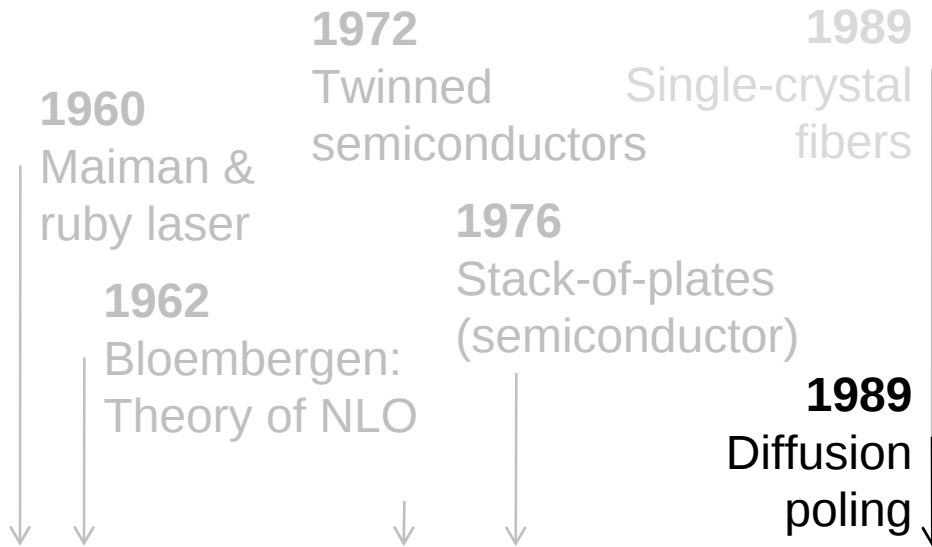
ELECTRONICS LETTERS 2nd February 1989 Vol. 25 No. 3

1960 1970 1980

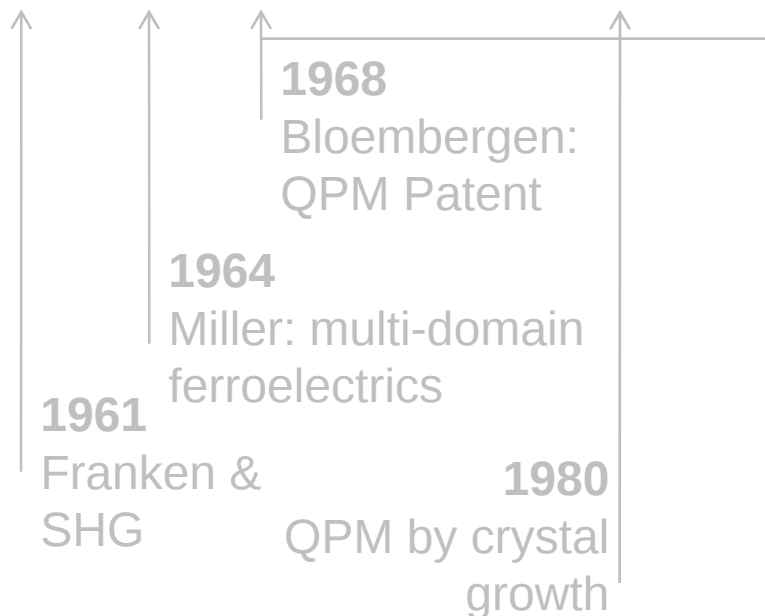


Stanford & KTH
NLGW 1989

Channel Waveguides in LiNbO₃ and KTP: 1989



1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010
------	------	------	------	------	------



BLUE LIGHT GENERATION BY FREQUENCY DOUBLING IN PERIODICALLY POLED LITHIUM NIOBATE CHANNEL WAVEGUIDE

Indexing terms: Optics, Integrated optics, Optical waveguides, Nonlinear optics

Blue light at 410nm was generated by continuous-wave frequency-doubling in a periodically poled lithium niobate channel waveguide at room temperature. Quasi-phasing allowed generation of the blue light using the d_{33} nonlinear coefficient.

ELECTRONICS LETTERS 25th May 1989

Channel Waveguides in LiNbO₃ and KTP: 1989

316

IEEE PHOTONICS TECHNOLOGY LETTERS, VOL. 1, NO. 10, OCTOBER 1989

Blue Light Generated by Frequency Doubling of Laser Diode Light in a Lithium Niobate Channel Waveguide

JONAS WEBJÖRN, FREDRIK LAURELL, AND GUNNAR ARVIDSSON

Diffusion
poling

1960

1970

1980

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

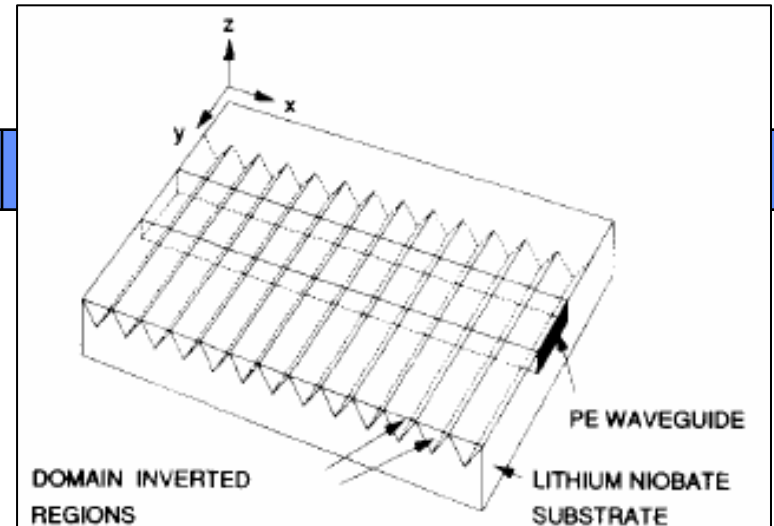
Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

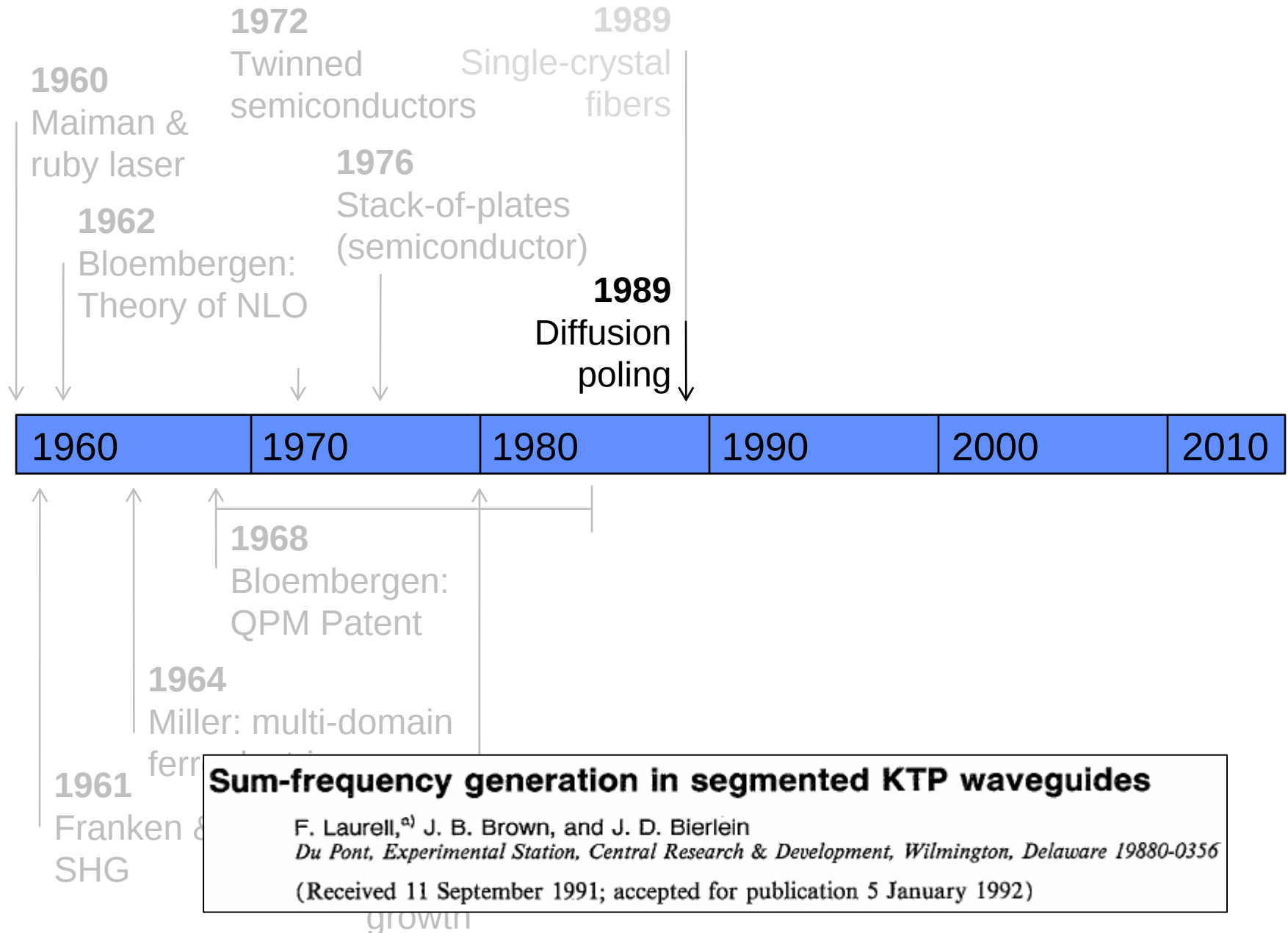
Franken &
SHG

1980

QPM by crystal
growth



Channel Waveguides in LiNbO₃ and KTP: 1989



Volume Poling with Electric Fields: 1992

1972

Twinned

1989

Single-crystal

1960

Ma
rub

First-order quasi-phase matched LiNbO_3 waveguide periodically poled by applying an external field for efficient blue second-harmonic generation

M. Yamada, N. Nada, M. Saitoh, and K. Watanabe

*Applied Magnetic Research Department, Corporate Research Laboratories, Sony Corporation,
Kita-Shinagawa 6-7-35, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 141, Japan*

(Received 28 July 1992; accepted for publication 21 November 1992)

Theory of NLO

Diffusion
poling

1960

1970

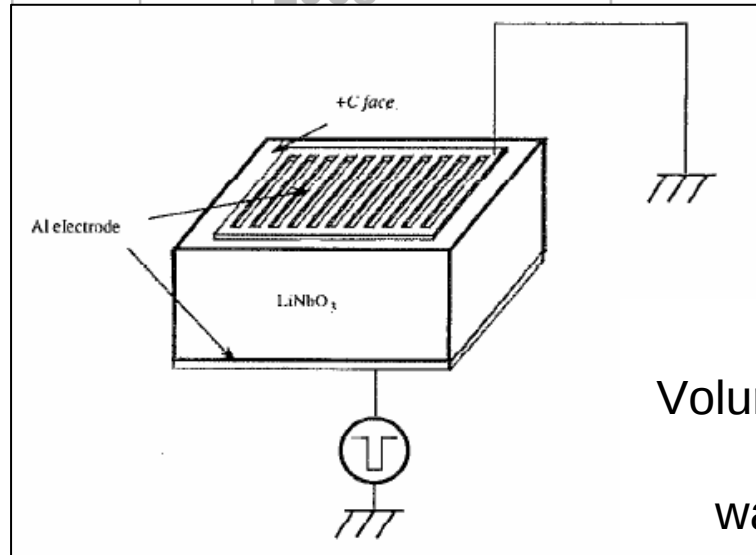
1980

1990

2000

2010

1968

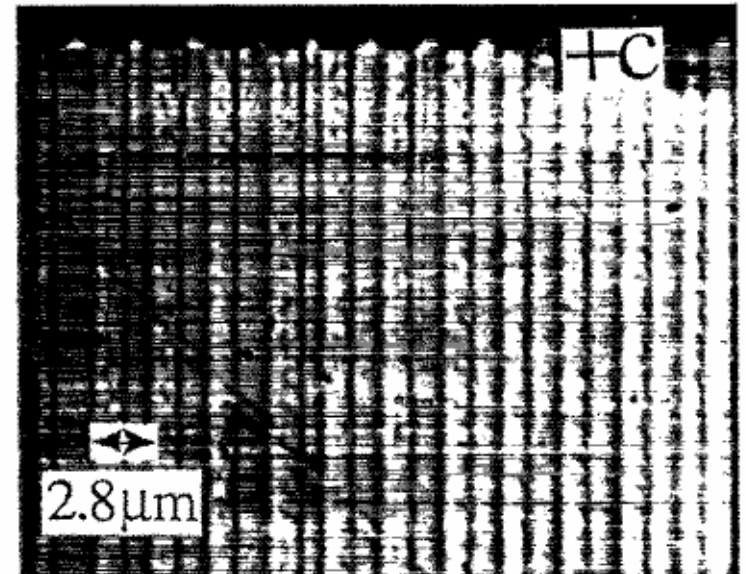


1991

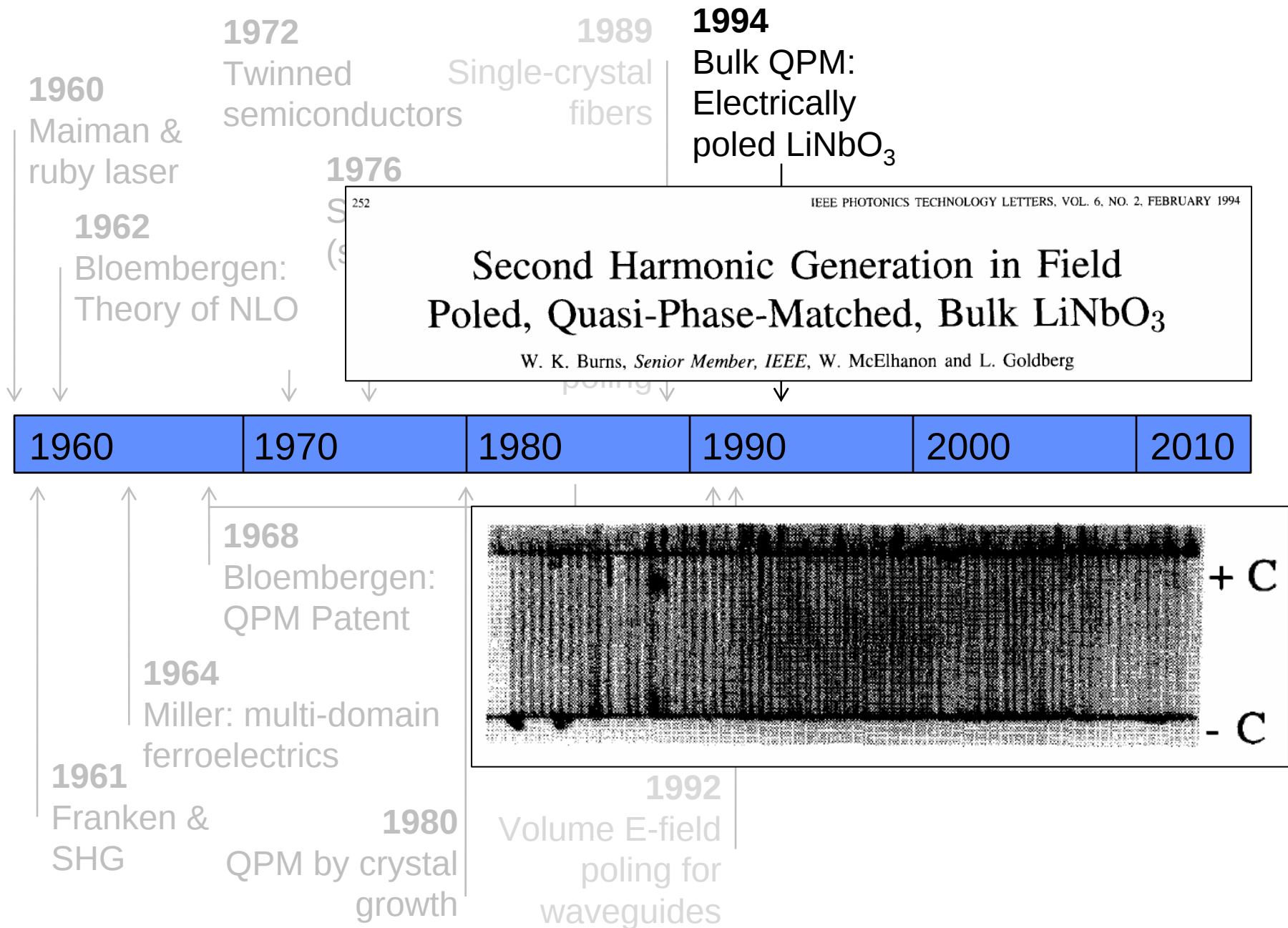
Electric field
poling
E-beam
poling

1992

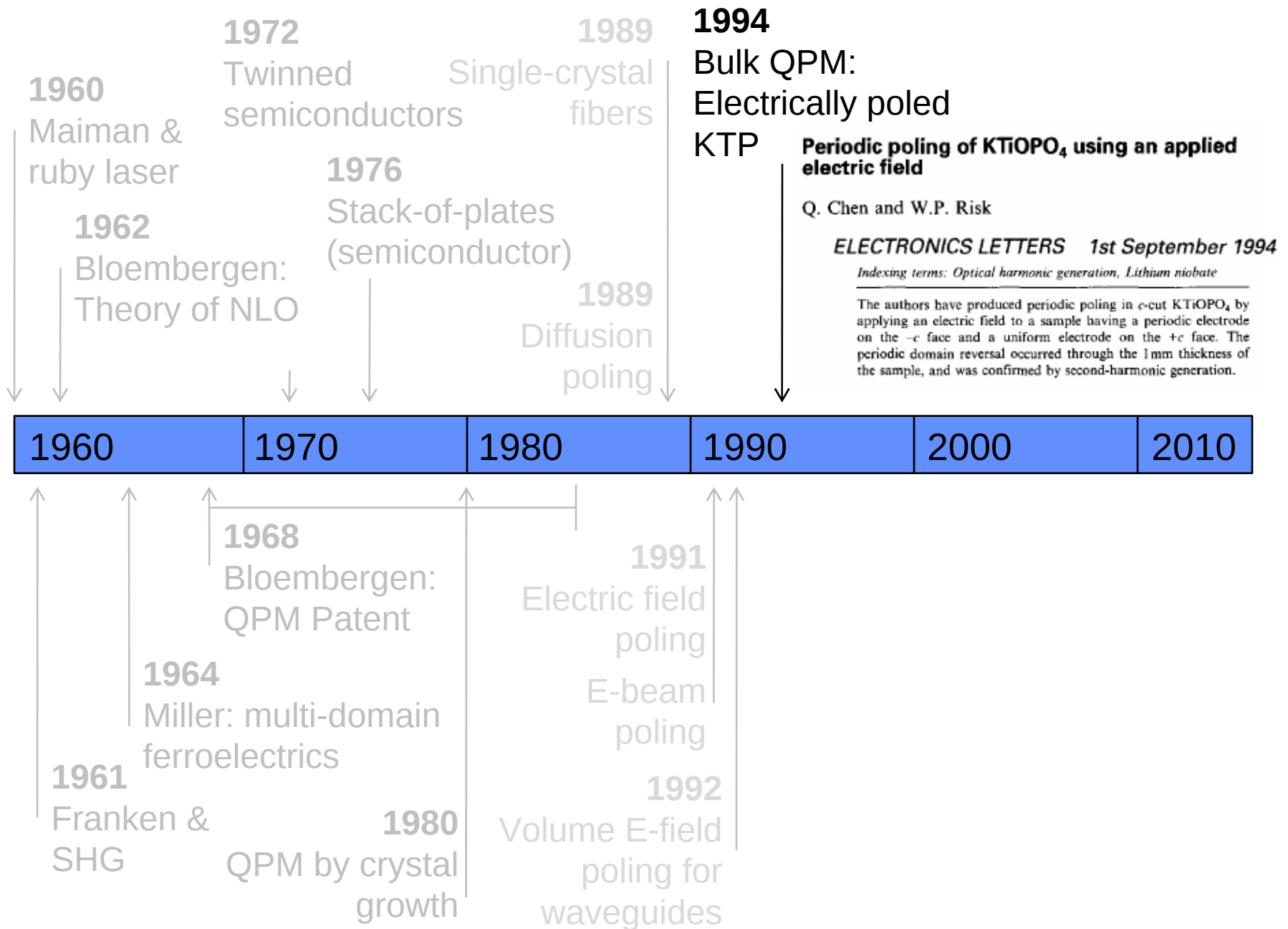
Volume E-field
poling for
waveguides



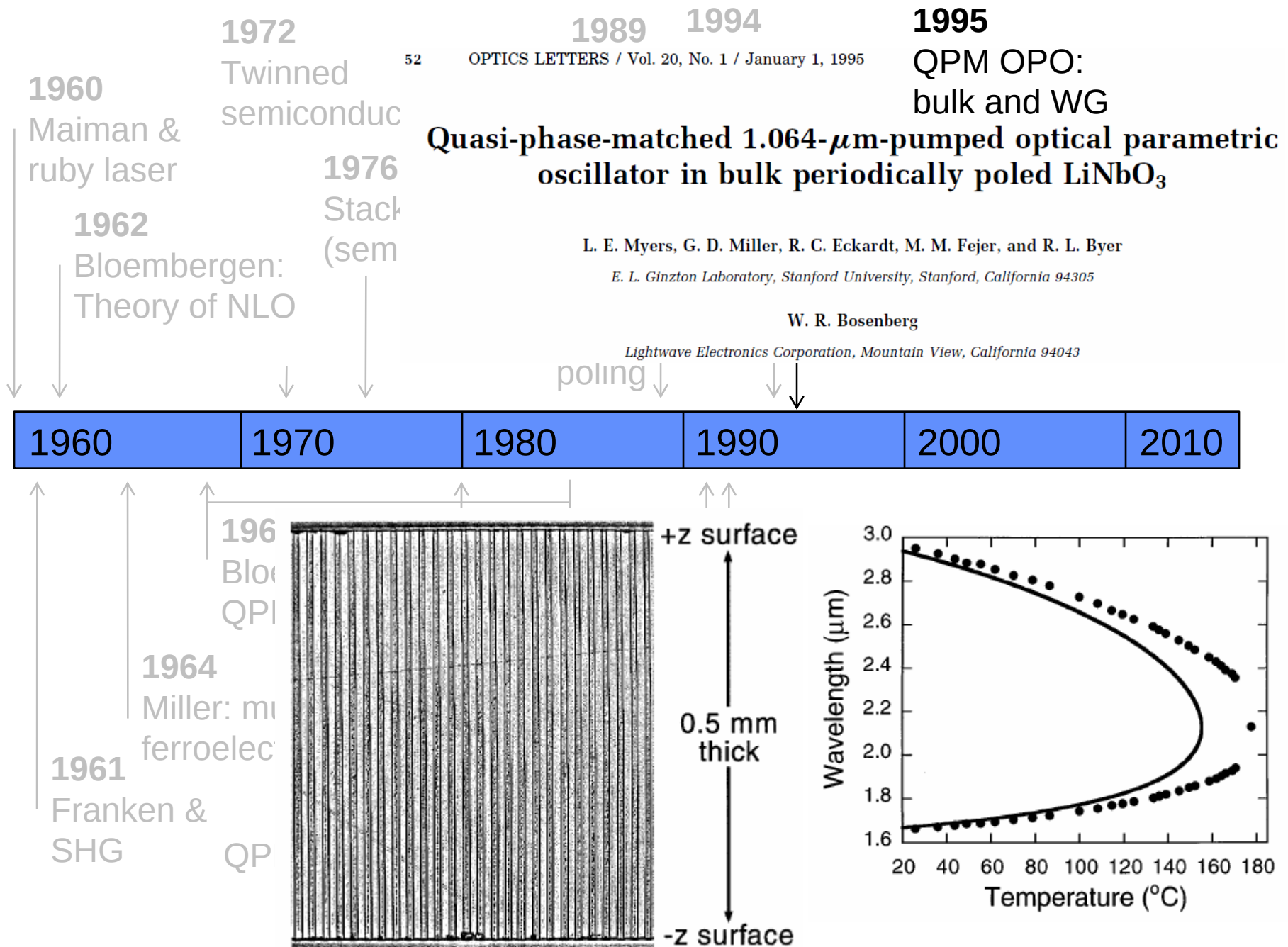
Bulk Interactions in E-Field Poled LiNbO₃ and KTP: 1994



Bulk Interactions in E-Field Poled LiNbO_3 and KTP: 1994



First QPM OPOs: Bulk and Waveguide: 1995



First QPM OPOs: Bulk and Waveguide: 1995

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1972

Twinned
semiconductors

1989

Single-crystal
fibers

1994

Bulk QPM:
Electrically

1995

QPM OPO:
bulk and WG

January 1, 1995 / Vol. 20, No. 1 / OPTICS LETTERS

49

1962

Bloembergen
Theory of NL

Quasi-phase-matched optical parametric amplification and oscillation in periodically poled LiNbO₃ waveguides

M. L. Bortz, M. A. Arbore, and M. M. Fejer

poling ↓

↓

1960

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

1980

QPM by crystal
growth

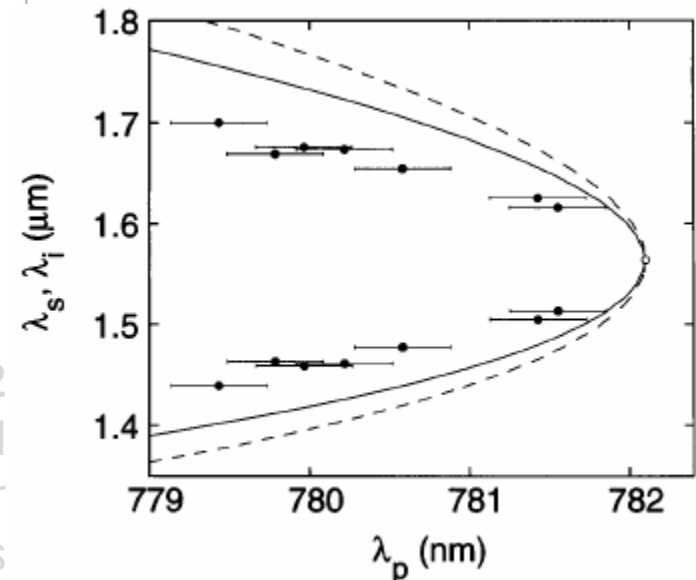
1991

Electric field
poling

E-beam
poling

1992

Volume E-field
poling for
waveguides



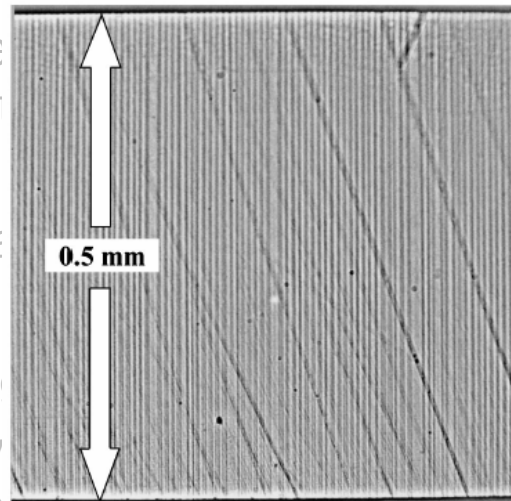
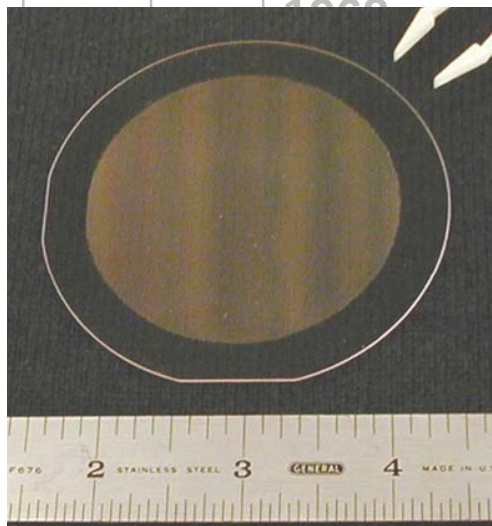
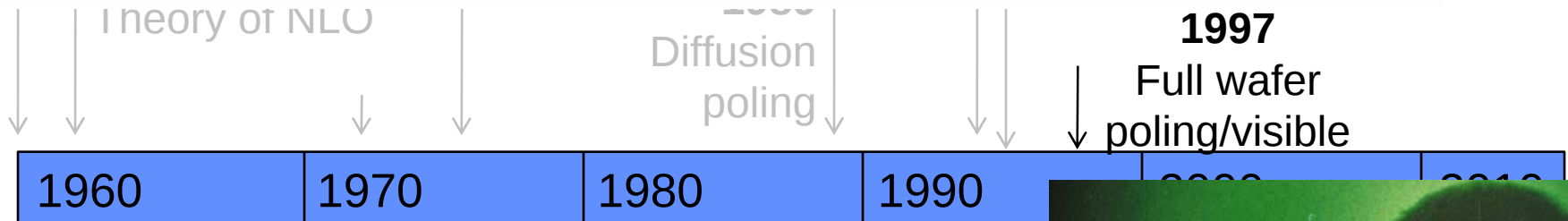
Extension to Visible SHG: 1997

1834 OPTICS LETTERS / Vol. 22, No. 24 / December 15, 1997

42%-efficient single-pass cw second-harmonic generation in periodically poled lithium niobate

G. D. Miller, R. G. Batchko, W. M. Tulloch, D. R. Weise, M. M. Fejer, and R. L. Byer

E. L. Ginzton Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305



Template-Controlled Epitaxy of GaAs: 1995

8:00-8:15pm

PD5

Quasi-Phasematched Second Harmonic Generation in AlGaAs Waveguides Prepared by Wafer-Bonding

S. J. B. Yoo, R. Bhat, C. Caneau, M. A. Koza, *Bell Communications Research*

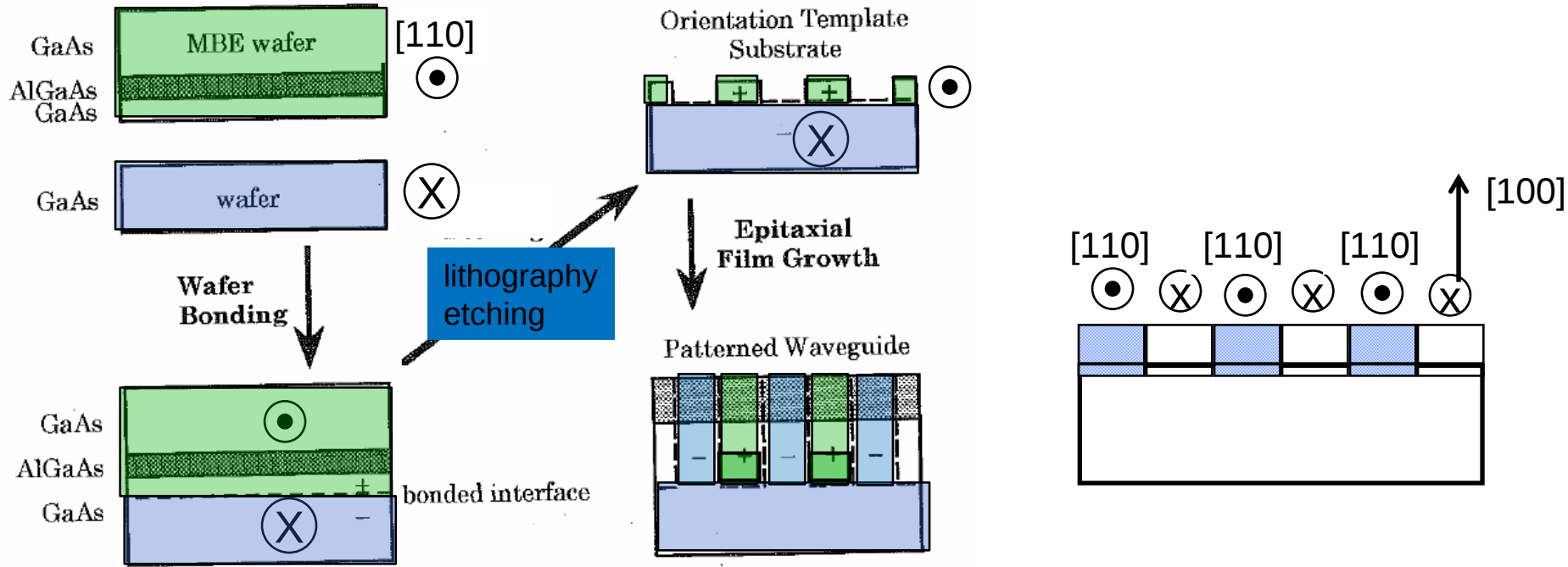
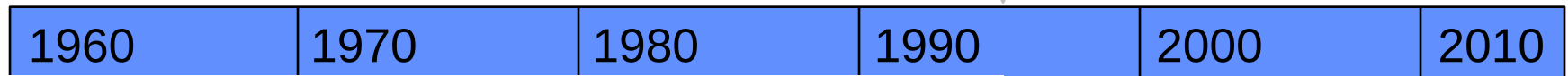
NLGWA
1995

4:15pm

NFC3 • Fabrication of GaAs orientation template substrates and growth of orientation-patterned GaAs thin films for quasi-phase-matched guided-wave nonlinear optics, Loren A. Eyres, Chris B. Ebert, James S. Harris, Jr., Martin M. Fejer, *Stanford Univ.*; Herman Chui, *Sandia National Laboratories*. Growth of GaAs thin films with

1995

Wafer-bonded-
template QPM
GaAs WGs



All-Epitaxial OP-GaAs Waveguides: 1999

1960

Maiman &
ruby laser

1962

Bloembergen:
Theory of NLO

1972

Twinned
semicon



ELSEVIER

JOURNAL OF **CRYSTAL
GROWTH**

Journal of Crystal Growth 201/202 (1999) 187–193

MBE growth of antiphase GaAs films using GaAs/Ge/GaAs heteroepitaxy

Christopher B. Ebert, Loren A. Eyres, Martin M. Fejer, James S. Harris, Jr.*

Solid State and Photonics Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, USA

1960

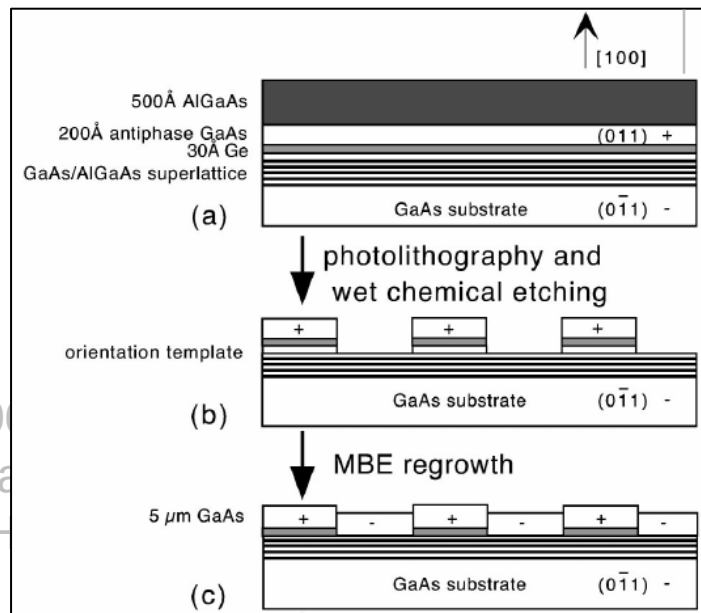
1970

1980

1990

2000

2010



1999

Orientation-
patterned
GaAs WGs

1992

E-beam
poling

1993

Diffusion-
bonded GaAs

1993

Diffusion-
bonded GaAs

All-Epitaxial OP-GaAs Waveguides: 1999

1972

N.H.

Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. Vol. 38 (1999) pp. L 508–L 511

Part 2, No. 5A, 1 May 1999

©1999 Publication Board, Japanese Journal of Applied Physics

JOURNAL OF **CRYSTAL
GROWTH**

GaAs/Ge/GaAs Sublattice Reversal Epitaxy on GaAs (100) and (111) Substrates for Nonlinear Optical Devices

Shinji KOH*, Takashi KONDO¹, Minoru EBIHARA, Tetsuya ISHIWADA¹, Hidetaka SAWADA¹, Hideki ICHINOSE¹, Ichiro SHOJI and Ryoichi ITO

Department of Applied Physics, Faculty of Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656, Japan

¹Department of Materials Science, Faculty of Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656, Japan

using GaAs/Ge/GaAs

Christopher B. Ebert, Loren A. Eyres, Martin M. Fejer, James S. Harris, Jr.*

Solid State and Photonics Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, USA

1960

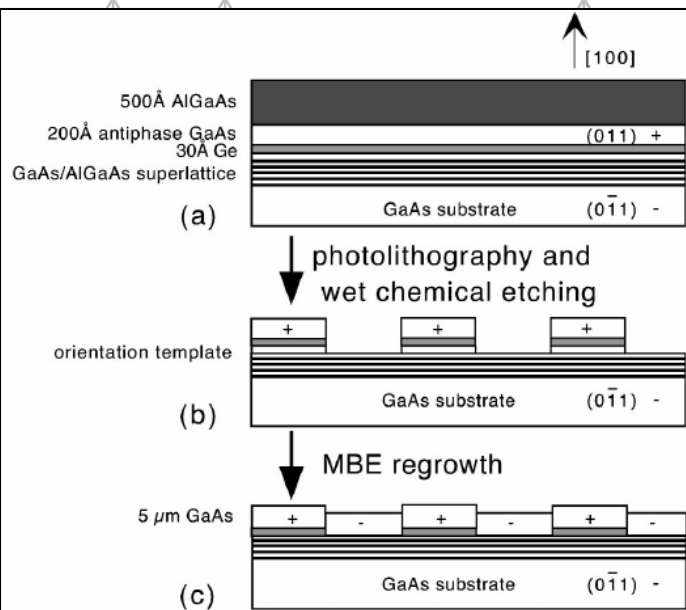
1970

1980

1990

2000

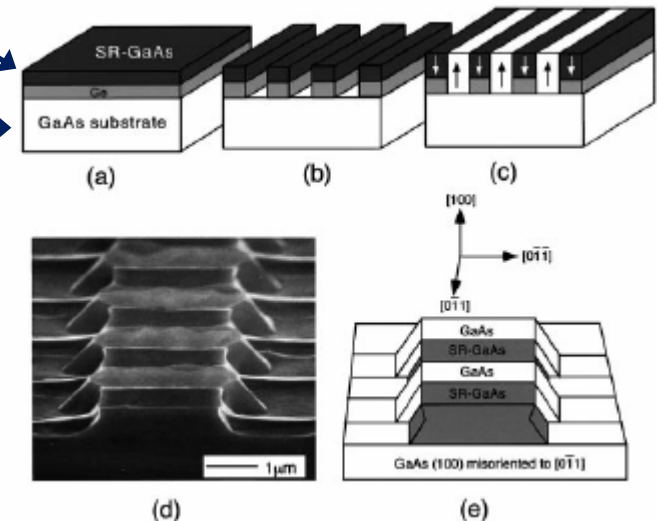
2010



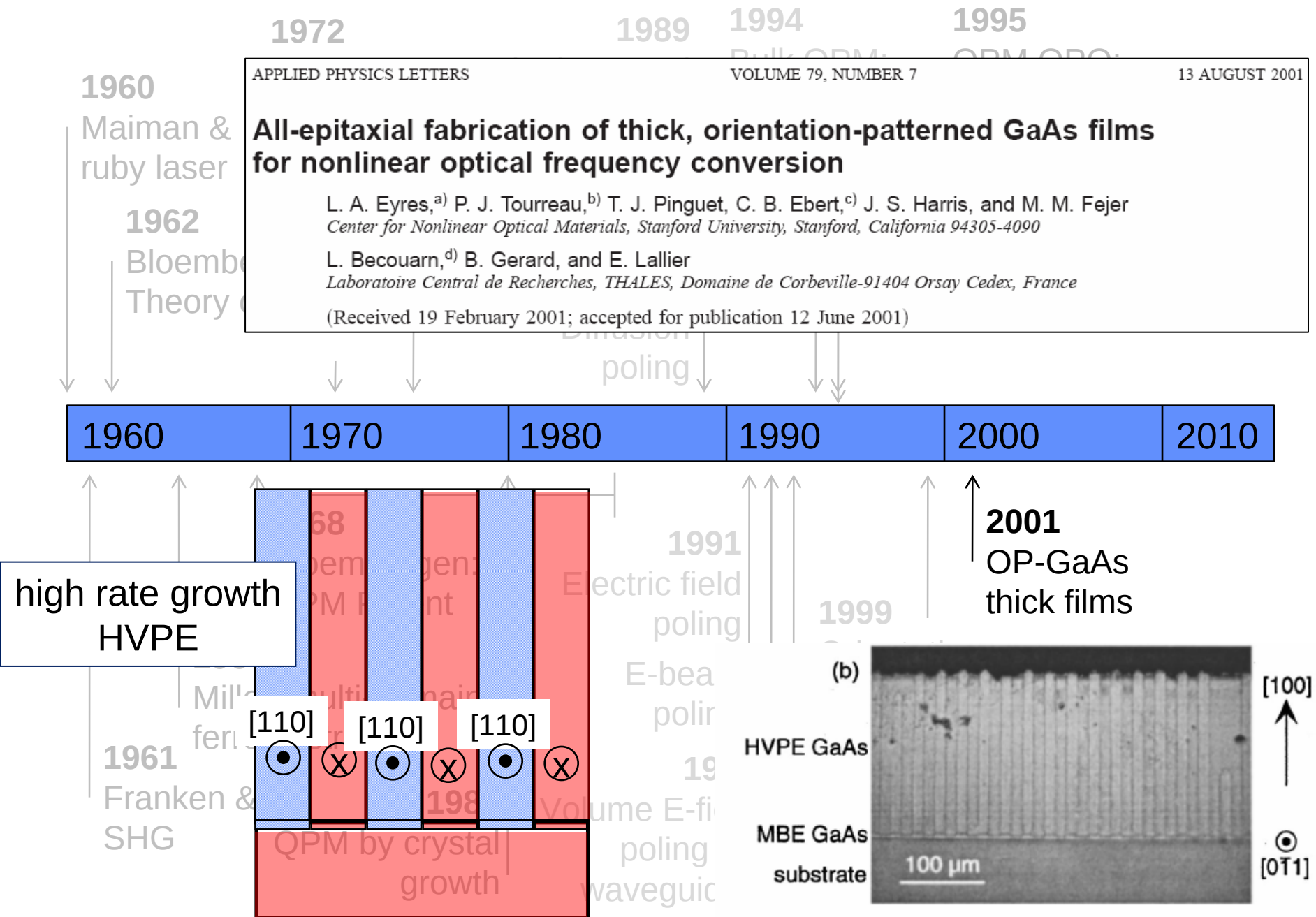
011 GaAs
Ge
011 GaAs

E-beam
poling

1992
volume E-field
poling for
waveguides



Bulk OP-GaAs by HVPE on Orientation Templates: 2001

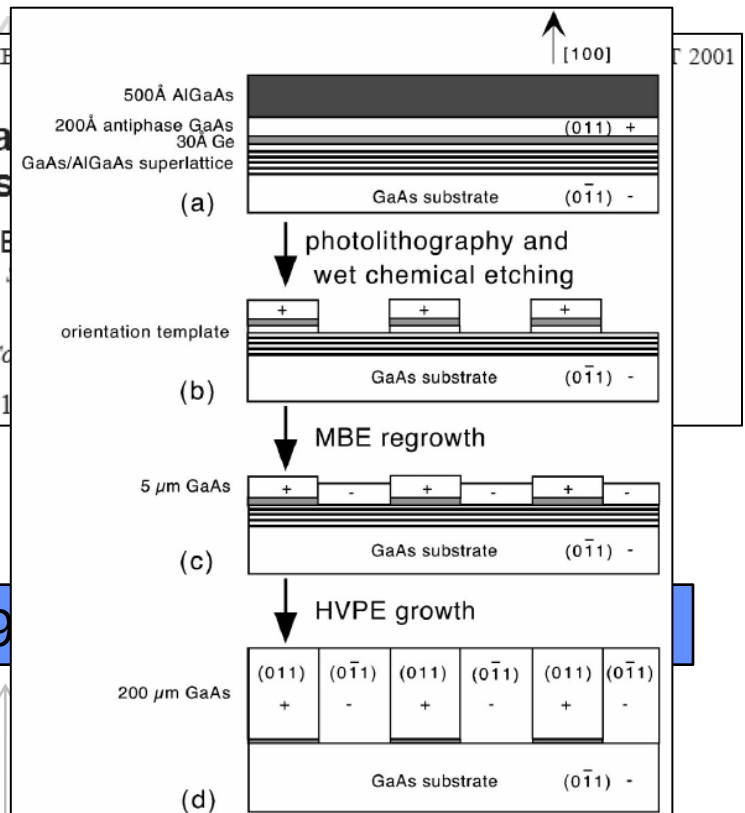


Bulk OP-GaAs by HVPE on Orientation Templates: 2001

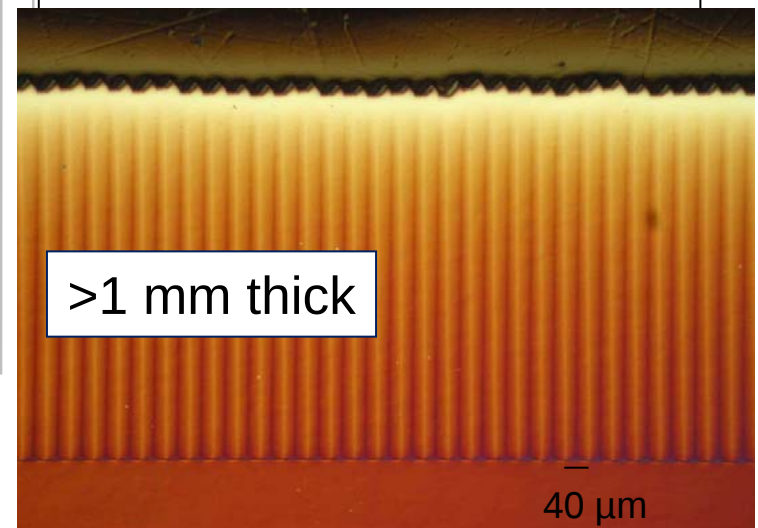
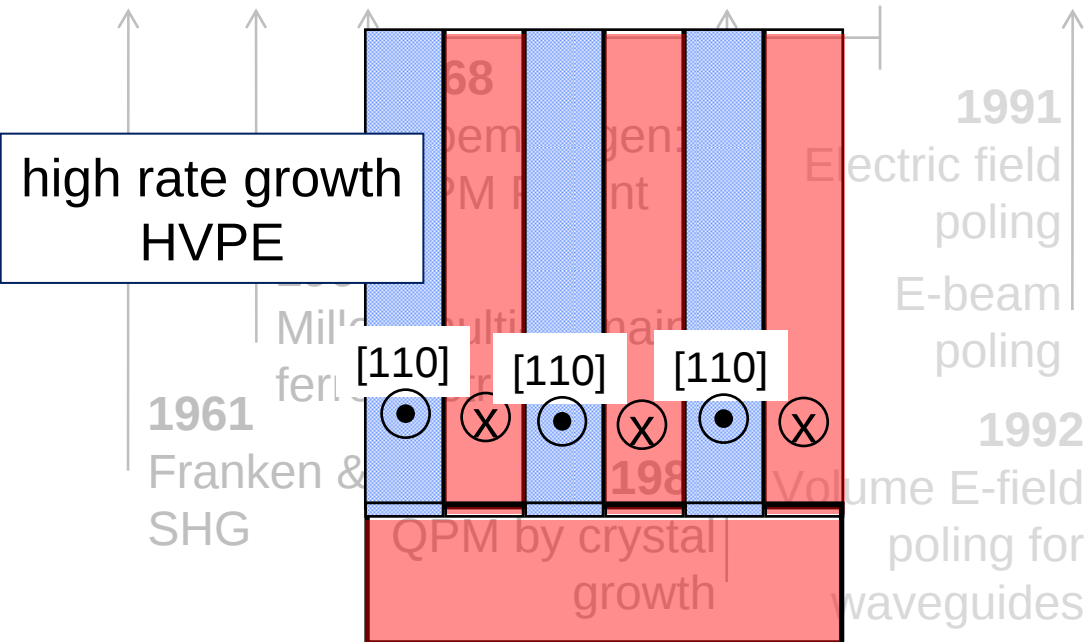
APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS VOLUME 77, NUMBER 1, JANUARY 1, 2001

All-epitaxial fabrication of thick, oriented GaAs for nonlinear optical frequency conversion

L. A. Eyres,^{a)} P. J. Tourreau,^{b)} T. J. Pinguet, C. B. E. Evered,^{c)}
Center for Nonlinear Optical Materials, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305-5080
 L. Becouarn,^{d)} B. Gerard, and E. Lallier
Laboratoire Central de Recherches, THALES, Domaine de Corbigny, 91404 Orsay Cedex, France
 (Received 19 February 2001; accepted for publication 1 March 2001)



1960 1970 1980 1990



First QPM OP-GaAs OPO: 2004

1912 OPTICS LETTERS / Vol. 29, No. 16 / August 15, 2004

Optical parametric oscillation in quasi-phase-matched GaAs

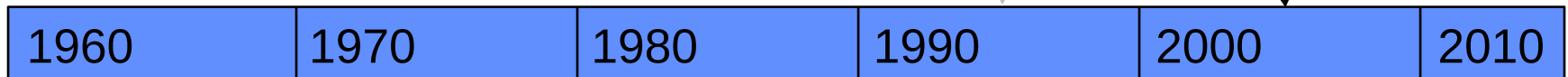
K. L. Vodopyanov, O. Levi, P. S. Kuo, T. J. Pinguet, J. S. Harris, and M. M. Fejer

E. L. Ginzton Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

B. Gerard, L. Becouarn, and E. Lallier

Thales Research & Technology, F-91404 Orsay, France

2004
OP-GaAs
OPO



1968

Bloembergen:
QPM Patent

1964

Miller: multi-domain
ferroelectrics

1961

Franken &
SHG

1980

QPM by crystal
growth

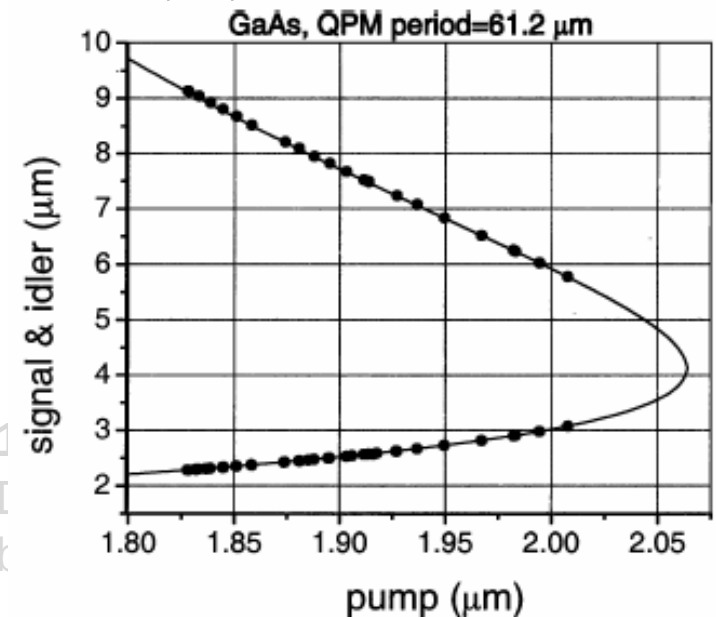
1991

Electric field
poling

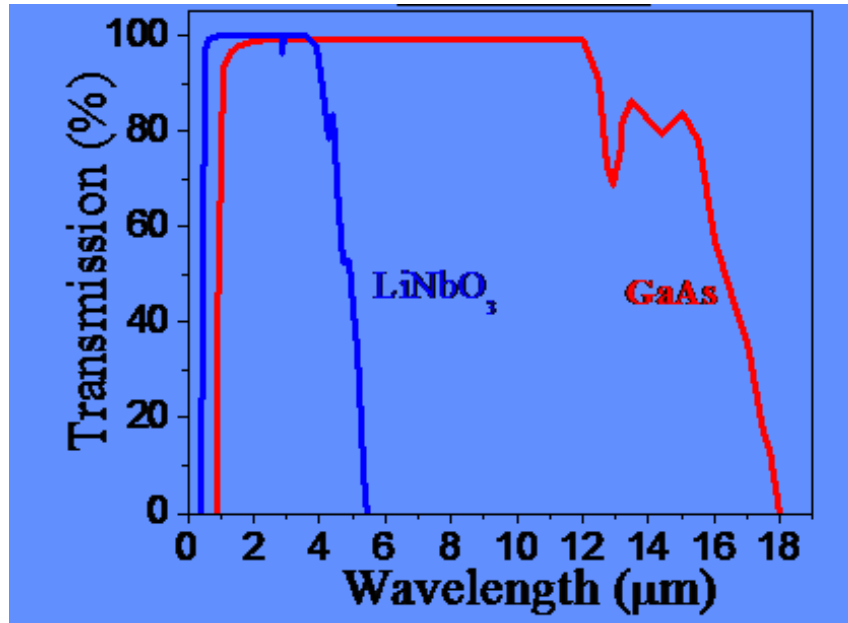
E-beam
poling

1992

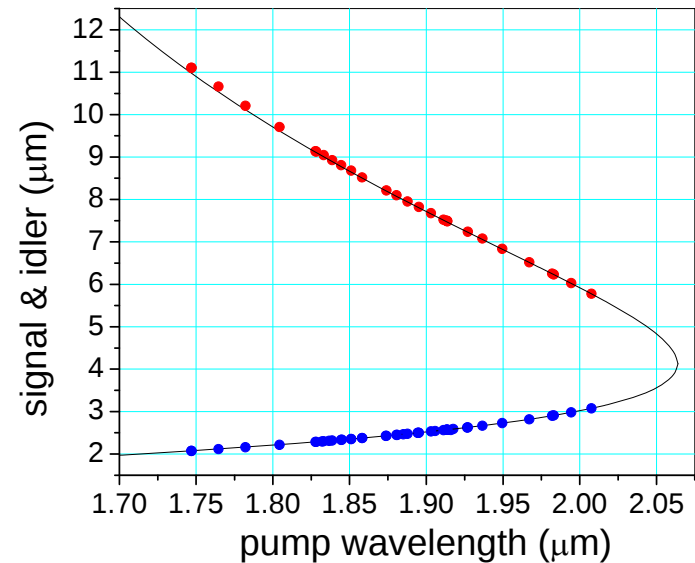
Volume E-field
poling for
waveguides



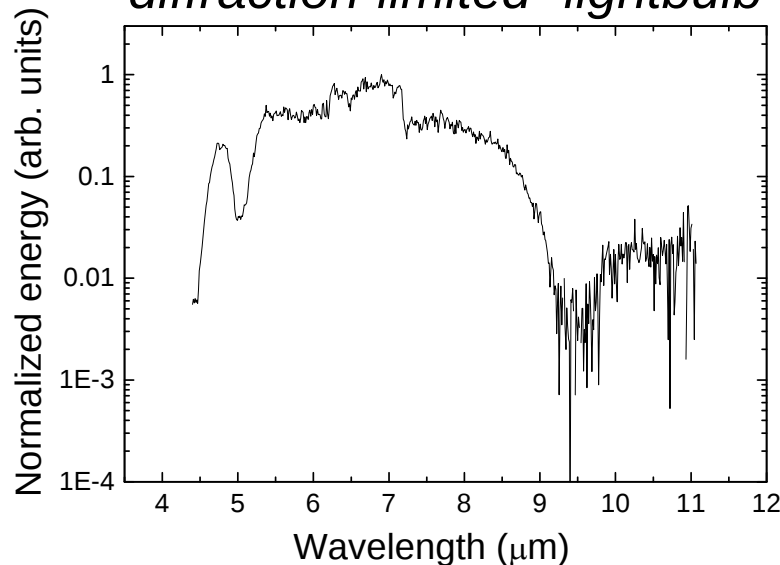
Materials: Orientation-Patterned GaAs for mid-IR QPM



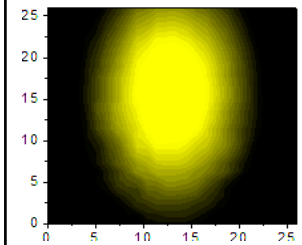
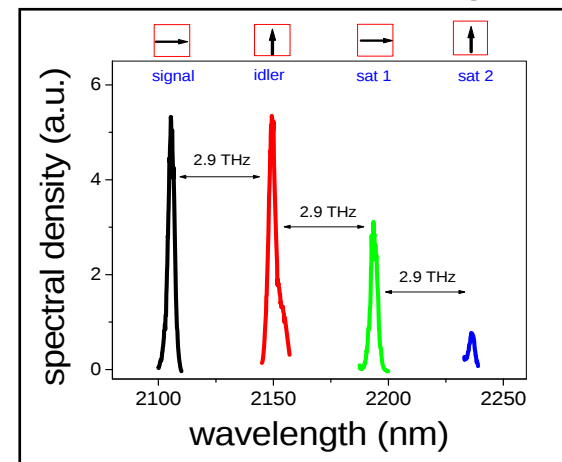
OPO operating 2.1 – 11 μm



Octave bandwidth OPG: 4.5 – 11 μm
diffraction-limited “lightbulb”



4% QE, 1 mW avg THz Generation

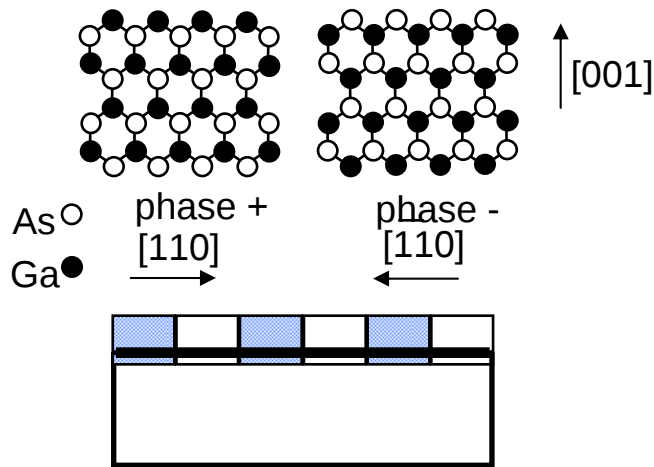


**THz cascading:
beat Manley-Rowe limit?**

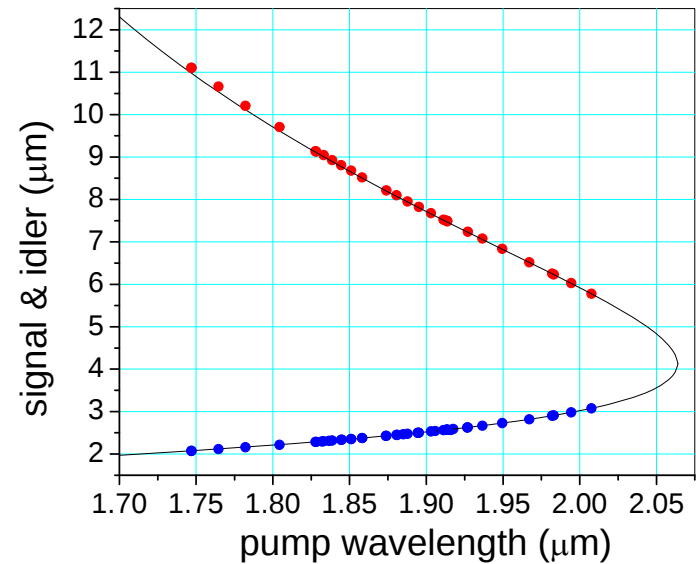
**Diffraction-limited
THz beam**

Materials: Orientation-Patterned GaAs for mid-IR QPM

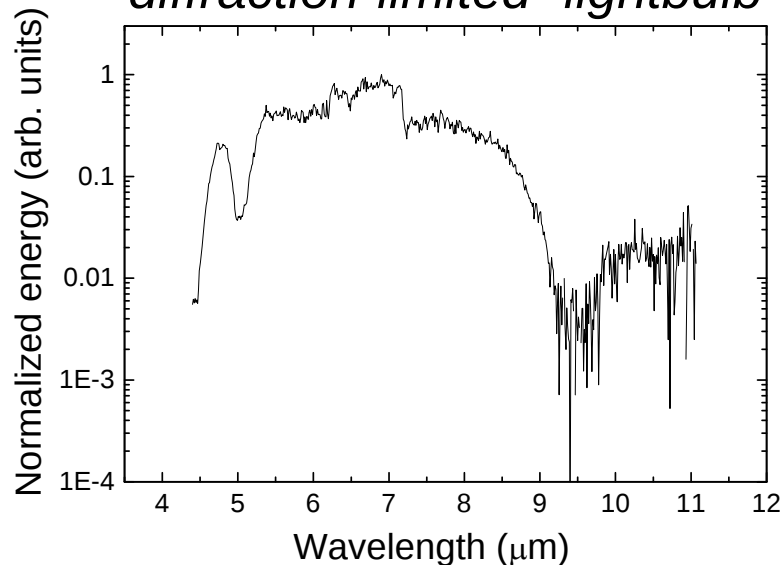
$\bar{4}3m$: 90° rotation produces inversion



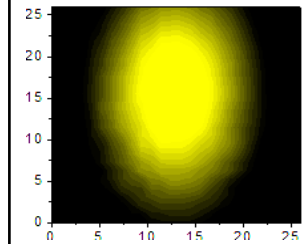
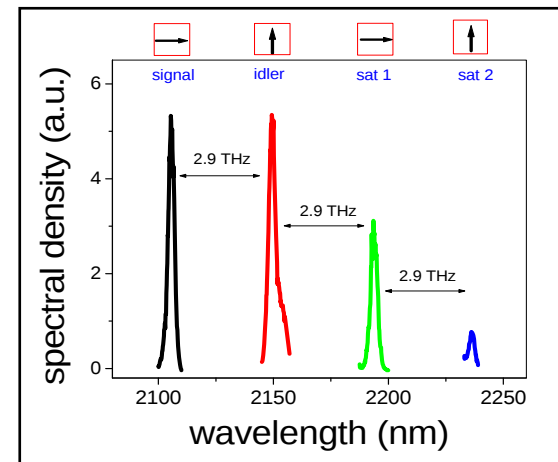
OPO operating 2.1 – 11 μm



Octave bandwidth OPG: 4.5 – 11 μm
diffraction-limited "lightbulb"



4% QE, 1 mW avg THz Generation

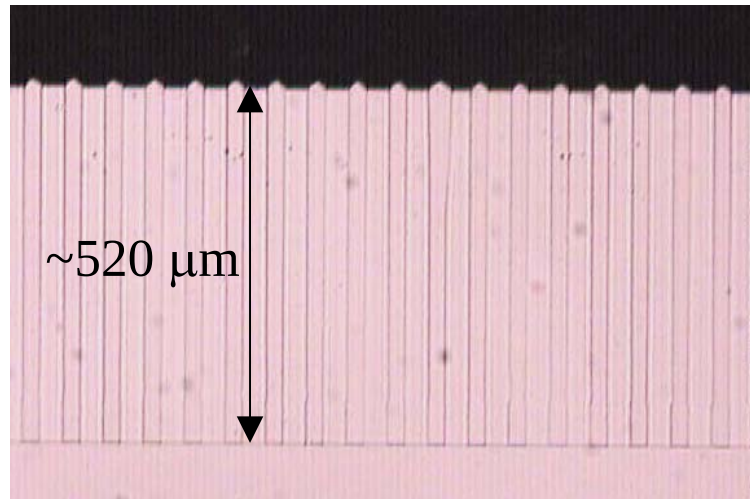


**Diffraction-limited
THz beam**

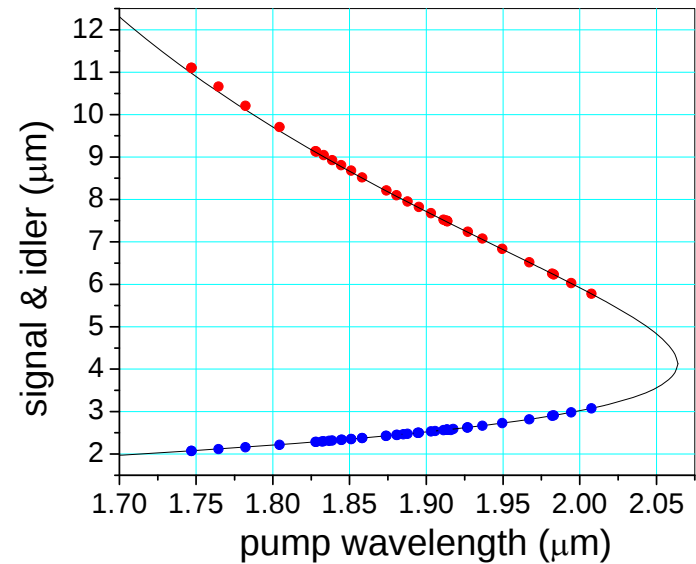
**THz cascading:
beat Manley-Rowe limit?**

Materials: Orientation-Patterned GaAs for mid-IR QPM

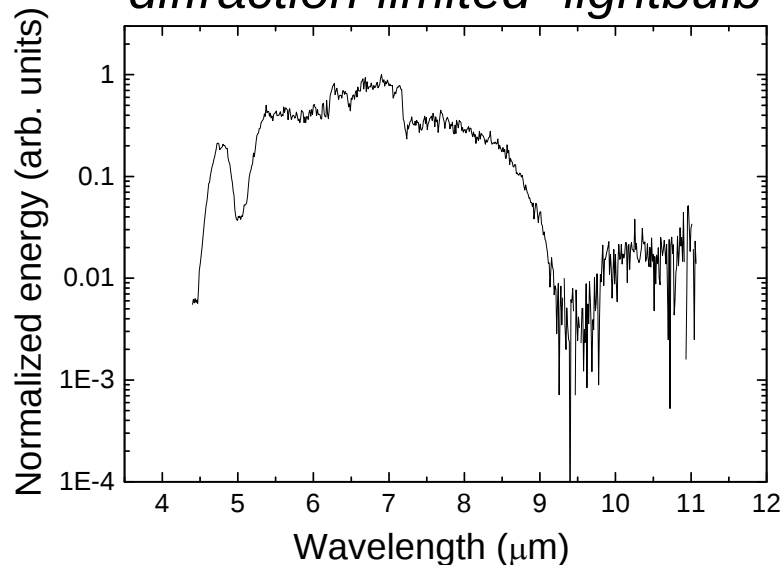
MBE template and HVPE thick film



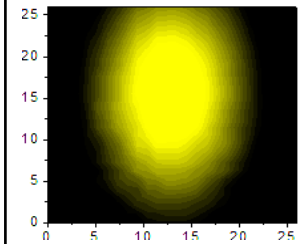
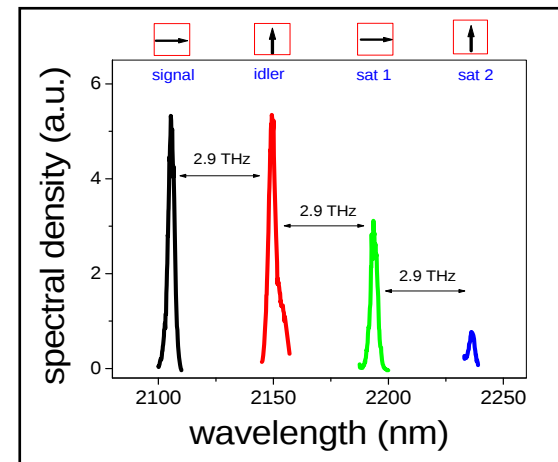
OPO operating 2.1 – 11 μm



Octave bandwidth OPG: 4.5 – 11 μm
diffraction-limited "lightbulb"



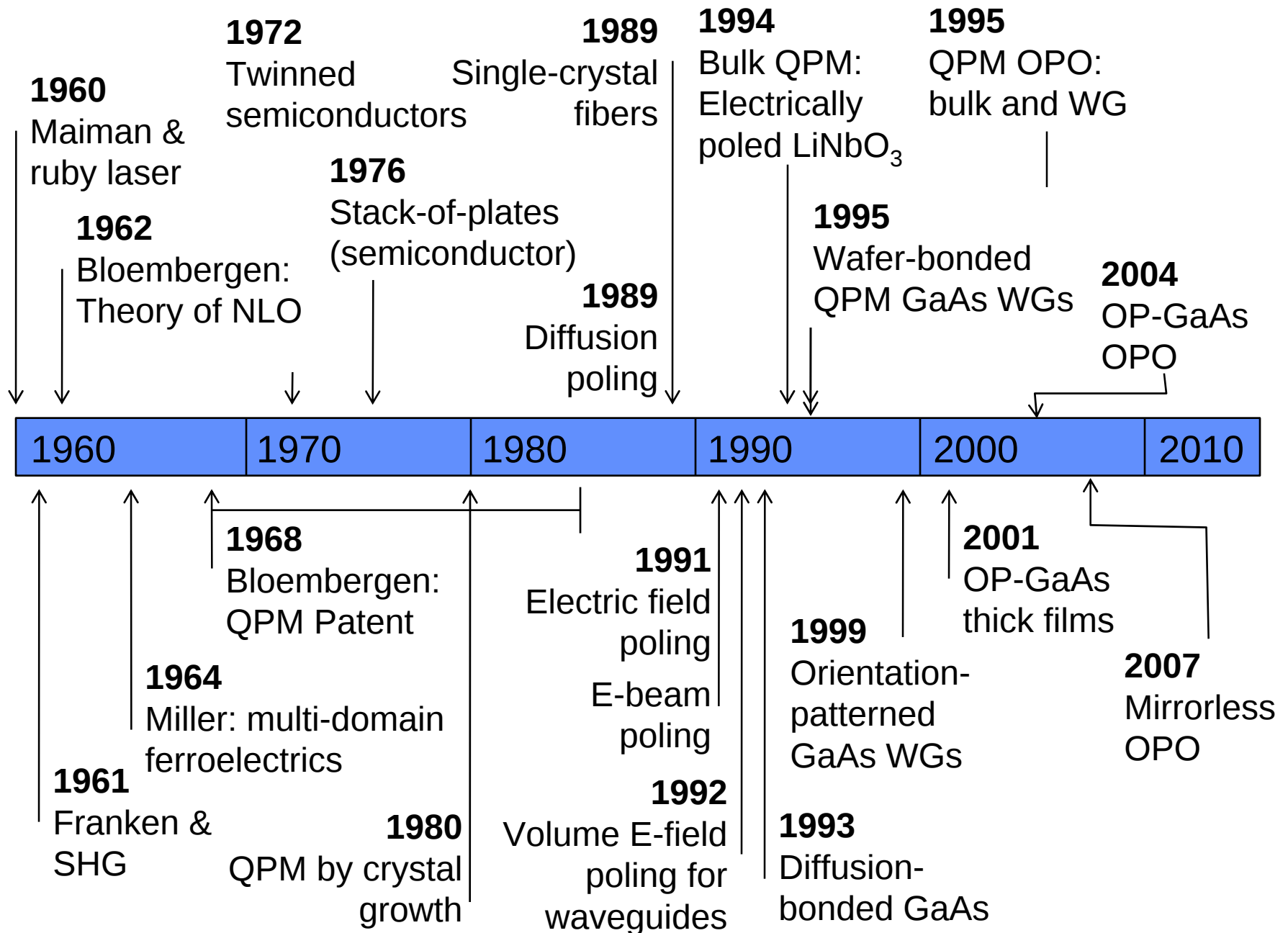
4% QE, 1 mW avg THz Generation



Diffraction-limited
THz beam

**THz cascading:
beat Manley-Rowe limit?**

Mirrorless Counterpropagating OPO: 2007



Summary

- NLO 50 years old
- QPM 35 years old
- Rich history of materials and device concepts
- Significant developments ongoing
 - improved materials
 - oxides: peak and average power extension
 - semiconductors: mid-IR/THz wavelength extension
 - aperiodic QPM gratings
 - bandwidth enhancement
 - group delay manipulation
 - engineered trajectory of cascade nonlinearities: comb generation
 - quantum frequency conversion
 - single/few-photon devices
 - ...

L.N. Durvasula: DARPA/CNOM
H. Schlossberg: AFOSR